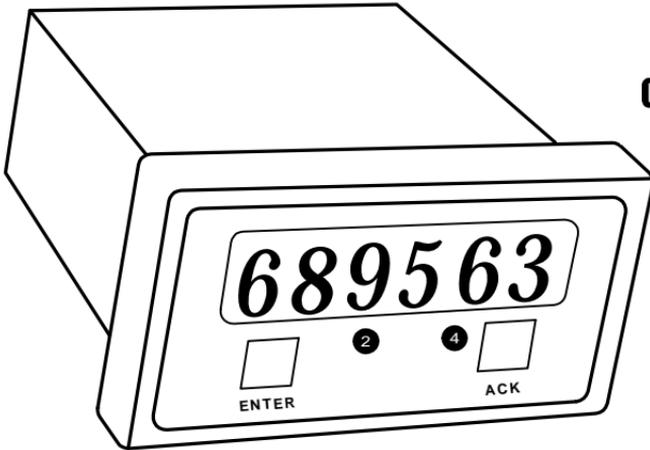


# DIGITAL METERS

Universal Frequency/Pulse Input Meter  
Rate/Totalizer/Tachometer/Batch Controller  
**Model V437 Instruction Manual**



- Pulse, Open Collector, Switch Closure, TTL, or Square Wave Inputs
- Full Six Digit Display for Total, 4½ Digit + Extra Zero for Rate
- Display in Engineering Units; Rate per Second, Minute, or Hour
- K-factor, Internal, or External Calibration
- Scale Without a Calibrator
- 11 Point Calibration for Non-Linear Inputs
- Low-Flow Cutoff
- NEMA 4X, Type 4X Front Panel
- 12 or 24 VDC Field Selectable Power Supply Standard
- Quick Preset Change Feature for Batch Control
- 2 Relays +/- or 4-20 mA Output Options

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**ACTION INSTRUMENTS**  
... the Industrial I/O Company

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## INTRODUCTION

This instrument is a frequency input meter with flow rate, totalizer, and batch control capabilities housed in a 1/8 DIN high-impact plastic enclosure with a NEMA 4X front. It accepts pulse or square wave 0-5 V or 0-12 V, TTL, open collector, and switch contact closure signals; and displays these signals in engineering units on a 0.56" high 4½ digit LED display. The meter also provides one isolated 12 VDC or 24 VDC power supply to drive either the input or output loops.

Options include up to 4 relays for alarms or batch controlling as well as an isolated 4-20 mA transmitter output.

### First Time Features

Action Instruments is committed to improving its products and this model contains several new features of interest:

- Programmable Set Points for Latching and Non-latching Operation, Rate or Total
- Programmable Gate Function for Slow Pulse Rates
- Programmable Contact De-bounce Filter for Noisy Contacts
- Quit Main Menu Scroll, Diagnostic, and Calibration with ACK Button
- Diagnostic Menu for Troubleshooting Programmed Parameters

## Safety Notice



**CAUTION:** Read complete instructions prior to installation and operation of the meter.



**WARNING:** Risk of electric shock.



Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all applicable national, state and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure personnel safety.

Do not use this meter to directly drive heavy equipment such as pumps, motors, valves, etc.



It is recommended to use this meter in a fail-safe system that accommodates the possibility of meter failure or power failure.



### **WARNING**

***Hazardous voltages exist within enclosure. Installation and service should be performed only by trained service personnel.***



### **AVERTISSEMENT**

***Les pièces à l'intérieur du boîtier portent des tensions dangereuses. Seules des personnes qualifiées et bien entraînées devraient entreprendre l'étalonnage et la maintenance.***

### Disclaimer

The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. Action Instruments makes no representations or warranties with respect to the contents hereof, and specifically disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

## Specifications

Except where noted all specifications apply to operation at +25°C.

### Basic Rate Meter

<b>INPUTS</b>	Field selectable: Pulse or square wave 0-5 V or 0-12 V @ 30 kHz; TTL; open collector 4.7 K $\Omega$ pull-up to 12V @ 30 kHz; switch contact 4.7 K $\Omega$ pull-up to 12 V @ 40 Hz.
<b>LOW VOLTAGE MAG PICKUP (Isolated)</b>	Sensitivity: 125 mVp-p; Hysteresis: 30 mV.
<b>MINIMUM INPUT FREQUENCY</b>	0.0101 Hz Minimum frequency is dependent on high gate setting.
<b>MAXIMUM INPUT FREQUENCY</b>	30,000 Hz
<b>INPUT IMPEDANCE</b>	Pulse input: Greater than 300 K $\Omega$ @ 1 kHz. Open collector/switch input: 4.7 k $\Omega$ pull-up to 12 V.
<b>DISPLAY</b>	Six digit, 0.56" (14.2 mm) high efficiency red seven-segment LED Rate: -19999(0) to 29,999(0) with selectable extra zero Total: 0 to 999,999; automatic lead zero blanking
<b>DECIMAL POINT</b>	Rate: 2.9999, 29.999, 299.99, 2999.9, or extra zero may be turned on 299990 Total: 9.99999, 99.9999, 999.999, 9999.99, 99999.9 Rate and total decimal points are independent of each other.
<b>CALIBRATION</b>	May be calibrated using K-factor, internal calibration, or by applying an external calibration signal.
<b>K-FACTOR</b>	Field programmable K-factor converts input pulses to rate in engineering units. May be programmed from 0.00001 to 999,999 pulses/unit.
<b>11 POINT CALIBRATION</b>	Meter may be calibrated or scaled using up to 11 points.
<b>CALIBRATION RANGE</b>	Input 1 signal may be set anywhere in the range of the meter; input 2 signal may be set anywhere above or below input 1 setting. An <i>Error</i> message will appear if input 1 signal and input 2 signal are too close together. Minimum input span between any two inputs is 3 Hz.

<b>FILTER</b>	Programmable contact de-bounce filter: 40 to 950 Hz maximum input frequency allowed (Low speed filter).
<b>TIME BASE</b>	Second, minute, or hour
<b>GATE</b>	Low gate : 1-98 seconds High gate: 2-99.9 seconds
<b>OUTPUT POWER</b>	Isolated power supply field selectable, 12 VDC @ 50 mA for sensor or 24 VDC $\pm$ 5% @ 20 mA for output transmitter, regulated. Maximum loop resistance is 1200 $\Omega$ (AC powered units only).
<b>ACCURACY</b>	$\pm$ 0.1% of calibrated span
<b>ALARM POINTS</b>	Four, any combination of high or low alarms
<b>ALARM POINT DEADBAND</b>	0-100% of full scale, user selectable
<b>ALARM STATUS INDICATION</b>	Front panel LED
<b>PEAK HOLD (DISPLAY PEAK)</b>	Captures the peak rate and displays it via the front panel <b>ENTER</b> button ( <b>Dspy p</b> )
<b>PEAK HOLD INDICATION</b>	Front panel flashing <b>R</b> LED
<b>LOCKOUT</b>	Jumper JP2 restricts modification of calibration values.
<b>NON-VOLATILE MEMORY</b>	All programming and totalizer values are stored in non-volatile memory for a minimum of ten years if power is lost.
<b>POWER</b>	AC power, 115 VAC $\pm$ 10%, 50/60 Hz, 12 VA
<b>ISOLATION</b>	1500 VAC
<b>ENCLOSURE</b>	1/8 DIN, high impact plastic, UL 94V-0
<b>FRONT PANEL</b>	Type 4X, NEMA 4X, Panel gasket provided
<b>ENVIRONMENTAL</b>	Operational ambient temperature range: 0 to +60°C Storage temperature range: -40 to +85°C Relative humidity: 0 to 90% non-condensing
<b>CONNECTIONS</b>	Removable screw terminal blocks, accept 22 to 12 AWG wire
<b>MOUNTING</b>	1/8 DIN panel cutout required. Two panel mounting brackets provided.

---

<b>OVERALL DIMENSIONS</b>	2.30 x 4.25 x 5.30 in (58 x 108 x 135 mm)
<b>WEIGHT</b>	Approximately 16 oz (454 g); basic model, no options
<b>WARRANTY</b>	1 year parts and labor
<b>UL FILE NUMBER</b>	E190581; 508 Industrial Control Equipment

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## Ordering Information

<b>115 VAC Model</b>	<b>Description</b>
V437-0000-1	No Options
V437-1000-1	2 Relays
V437-2000-1	4-20 mA Out
V437-3000-1	2 Relays + 4-20 mA Out

---

**Rate/Totalizer/Batch Controller Features**

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<b>RATE DISPLAY INDICATION</b>	LED labeled <b>R</b> on right illuminates when meter is displaying rate input.
<b>LOW-FLOW CUTOFF</b>	<p>Any input below the low-flow cutoff value will result in a display of zero. May be set from 1 count to 100% F.S., user selectable. To disable low-flow cutoff, program cutoff value to zero.</p> <p>In multi-point calibration/scaling, the total is based on the rate display; so, inputs below the low-flow cutoff value will not affect the totalizer.</p> <p>In K-factor scaling, the totalizer ignores the low-flow cutoff; the totalizer counts every incoming pulse regardless of the rate display.</p>
<b>ALTERNATING DISPLAY</b>	Display may be programmed to alternate between rate and total every 10 seconds.
<b>TOTAL DISPLAY</b>	0 to 999,999; automatic lead zero blanking
<b>TOTAL DECIMAL POINT</b>	May be set in any of the following positions: 9.99999, 99.9999, 999.999, 9999.99, or 99999.9 Total decimal point is independent of rate decimal point.
<b>TOTAL CONVERSION FACTOR</b>	Programmable from 0.00001 to 59999
<b>TOTALIZER</b>	<p>In multi-point calibration/scaling, the meter calculates the total based on rate display and field programmable total conversion factor to display total in engineering units. Time base must be selected according to time units in which rate is displayed.</p> <p>In K-factor scaling, the meter calculates the total based on the input pulses, K-factor value, and total conversion factor.</p>
<b>TOTALIZER ROLLOVER</b>	Totalizer rolls over when display exceeds 999,999. Relay status reflects display.
<b>TOTALIZER PRESETS</b>	Up to four, user selectable under setup menu <b>Setup</b> . Any set point can be assigned to total and may be programmed anywhere in the range of the meter.
<b>PRESET OFFSET</b>	Relays assigned to total can be programmed to trip at any point below the next relay's preset value.

---

<b>PROGRAMMABLE DELAY ON RELEASE</b>	If the meter is programmed to reset total to zero automatically when the highest preset is reached, then a delay will occur before the total relays reset. This delay can be programmed anywhere between 1 and 999 seconds.
<b>PRIORITY BATCH PROGRAMMING</b>	This feature allows the user to quickly change preset values without going into the main menu by holding the <b>ENTER</b> button for more than 3 seconds.
<b>TOTAL RESET</b>	Via front panel <b>ENTER</b> button, external contact closure, or automatically via user selectable preset.
<b>TOTAL RESET LOCKOUT</b>	Meter may be programmed so total cannot be reset from the front panel.

## Options

<b>Relays</b>	
<b>RATING</b>	2 SPDT (form C); rated 2 Amp @ 30 VDC or 2 Amp @ 250 VAC resistive load; $\frac{1}{14}$ HP @ 125/250 VAC for inductive loads
<b>ASSIGNED TO RATE OR TOTAL</b>	Any relay may be assigned to rate or total.
<b>ELECTRICAL NOISE SUPPRESSION</b>	A suppressor (RC network) to prolong the life of the relays should be connected to each relay contact switching inductive loads. The suppressor provides a degree of protection against electrical noise caused by inductive loads. Recommended suppressor value, 0.01 $\mu$ F/470 $\Omega$ , 250 VAC. See page 79.
<b>DEADBAND</b>	0-100% of full scale, user selectable
<b>HIGH OR LOW ALARM</b>	User may program any alarm for a high or low trip point.
<b>RELAY OPERATION</b>	Latching or non-latching, field selectable
<b>FAIL-SAFE OPERATION</b>	Relay coils are energized in non-alarm condition. In case of power failure, relays will go to alarm state. Fail-safe operation may be disabled, by removing jumper J2 located on the Options PCB.

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**AUTO  
INITIALIZATION**

When power is applied to the meter, relays assigned to total will reflect the state of the accumulated total value in memory. Relays assigned to rate will reflect the state of the input to the meter.

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---

**RELAYS RESET**

User select via JP3 jumper array and **SetuP** menu

---

**Total relays  
reset**

1. When total is reset to zero, if set up for external total reset
2. After delay has elapsed, if set up for internal total reset
3. Manual any time, if set up for external total reset (via user supplied external contact closure at terminals AK and CM or front panel ACK button)

**Manual reset resets all manually resettable relays.**

---

**Rate relays  
reset**

1. Automatic reset only
2. Manual reset only, at any time
3. Automatic plus manual reset at any time
4. Manual reset only after alarm condition has been corrected

**Automatic reset:** Relays will automatically reset when the input passes the reset point.

**Manual reset:** Performed via user supplied external contact closure at terminals AK and CM or front panel ACK button. Manual reset resets all manually resettable relays.

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**Isolated 4-20 mA Transmitter Output**


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**CALIBRATION RANGE**

The transmitter output can be calibrated so that a 4 mA output is produced for any rate measured by the meter. The 20 mA output may correspond to any rate that is at least 501 counts greater or smaller than the rate corresponding to 4 mA. (Ex. 4 mA = 0, 20 mA = 501) If the span between 4 and 20 mA is less than 501 counts, an **error** message will appear.

**NO EQUIPMENT NEEDED**

The 4-20 mA output from the meter is calibrated without the use of a calibrator.

**OUTPUT LOOP POWER**

24 VDC  $\pm$  5% @ 20 mA, regulated  
Maximum loop resistance is 1200  $\Omega$  . Output loop is isolated from input.

**ACCURACY**

$\pm$  0.1% full scale  $\pm$  0.004 mA

**ISOLATION**

500 VDC or peak AC, input-to-output or input/output-to-power line

**EXTERNAL LOOP-POWER SUPPLY**

35 VDC max

**OUTPUT LOOP RESISTANCE**

Power supply	Min. loop resistance	Max. loop resistance
24 VDC	10 $\Omega$	600 $\Omega$
35 VDC (external)	600 $\Omega$	1000 $\Omega$

## Display Functions and Messages

The meter displays various functions and messages during operation and programming. The following table shows the various displayed functions and messages with their description.

Display	Parameter	Description/Comments
<b>18888L</b>	Low Voltage	Indicates an input voltage below specifications during power up.
<b>- 19999</b>	Underrange	Indicates the input signal is below the negative range of the meter.
<b>2 PtS</b>	2 Points	Indicates number of calibration points selected (2 to 11 points can be selected).
<b>29999</b>	Overrange	Indicates the input signal exceeds the full-scale range of the meter.
<b>CALib</b>	External Calibration	Calibrates meter using a calibrated signal source.
<b>CutoFF</b>	Low-Flow Cutoff	Sets meter to display zero below programmed cutoff point.
<b>DECpt</b>	Decimal Point	Sets the decimal position for total and rate
<b>Delay</b>	Delay	Sets delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds for internal total reset.
<b>DIA9</b>	Diagnostic	Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes. Setting cannot be changed under this function.
<b>Dspy 1</b>	Display 1	Sets display 1 calibration.
<b>Dspy 2</b>	Display 2	Sets display 2 calibration.
<b>DSPY P</b>	Display Peak	Displays the highest rate value captured.
<b>DSPy r</b>	Display Rate	Sets rate as default display.
<b>DSPy t</b>	Display Total	Sets total as default display.
<b>E rSt</b>	External Total Reset	Indicates total does not reset to zero when preset value is reached.
<b>E-CAL</b>	External Calibration	Sets meter to be calibrated using a calibrated signal source.
<b>Error</b>	Error	Indicates calibration was not successful.
<b>Error1</b>	Error 1	Indicates a combination of parameters that exceeds the totalizer capabilities.
<b>FActor</b>	K-factor Scaling	Programs unit to convert input pulse to rate in engineering units.
<b>FILtEr</b>	Filter	Sets filter value from 2 to 50. Maximum frequency is 950 to 40 Hz respectively.
<b>Gate</b>	Gate	Sets low and high gate values to allow rate display of slow pulse rates.
<b>Hour</b>	Hour	Sets time base to display rate in units per hour.

Display	Parameter	Description/Comments
<b>HI</b>	High Gate	Sets high gate value from 2.0 to 99.9
<b>HI SPd</b>	High Speed Filter	Sets meter to high speed filter. Maximum frequency is 30,000 Hz.
<b>I or e</b>	Internal or External	Sets operation of total reset; internal or external.
<b>I rSt</b>	Internal Total Reset	Indicates total will reset to zero when highest preset value is reached.
<b>I-CAL</b>	Internal Calibration	Sets meter for internal calibration to scale meter without applying an input signal.
<b>LatCk</b>	Latch	Sets rate set points for latching or non-latching relay operation.
<b>LO</b>	Low Gate	Sets high gate value from 1.0 to 98.9
<b>LO SPd</b>	Low Speed Filter	Sets meter for low speed filter. Maximum frequency is 950 Hz.
<b>m in</b>	Minute	Sets time base to display rate in units per minute.
<b>No PtS</b>	Number of Points	Sets meter for 2 to 11 calibration points.
<b>OFFSET</b>	Preset Offset	Sets preset offset value (relay n trips at a point below relay n+1 preset value).
<b>outPut</b>	Output	Sets the optional 4-20 mA output values.
<b>PtS</b>	Multi-point Calibration	Selects internal or external, multi-point calibration. Power up meter with <b>ENTER</b> button pressed.
<b>R or t</b>	Rate or Total	Sets set points for rate or total.
<b>Rate</b>	Rate	Sets rate decimal point, or it Indicates set point was assigned to rate.
<b>Rset P</b>	Reset Peak	Erases peak value from memory and captures a new peak reading.
<b>RSet t</b>	Reset Total	Resets the totalizer to zero.
<b>SCALE</b>	Scale	Scales meter using internal calibration for desired display (signal source not required).
<b>SeC</b>	Second	Sets time base to display rate in units per second.
<b>SET 1</b>	Set Point 1	Sets operation and value for set point 1.
<b>SET 2</b>	Set Point 2	Sets operation and value for set point 2.
<b>SET 3</b>	Set Point 3	Sets operation and value for set point 3.
<b>SET 4</b>	Set Point 4	Sets operation and value for set point 4.
<b>SetPts</b>	Set Points	Sets alarm set /reset points and total presets.
<b>Setup</b>	Setup	Sets operation of set points for rate or total, latching or non-latching, etc.
<b>t bASE</b>	Time Base	Sets meter with correct time unit factor (second, minute, or hour).

<b>Tot CF</b>	Totalizer Conversion Factor	Sets multiplier factor to display total in any engineering unit.
<b>Total</b>	Total	Sets total decimal point, or it indicates set point was assigned to total.
<b>y or n</b>	Yes or No	Sets selection or de-selection of various functions.

## SETUP AND PROGRAMMING

### Overview

Setting up and programming the meter involves three basic steps:

1. **Jumper Configuration** (Page 18)
  - a. Input selection and lockout jumpers
  - b. Relay acknowledge enable
  - c. Fail-safe operation of relays
2. **Connections** (Page 20)
  - a. Power
  - b. Input signal
  - c. Acknowledgement and reset total
  - d. Relays
  - e. 4-20 mA output
3. **Programming** (Page 27)
  - a. Basic meter
  - b. Rate meter
  - c. Totalizer
  - d. Batch controller
  - e. Relays
  - f. 4-20 mA output
  - g. Lockout and display selection

### ***Programmed Parameter Settings***

To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The **Programmed Parameter Settings** form located on page 81 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.

## Jumper and Switch Configuration

### Overview

Before programming the meter, it is necessary to configure three jumper arrays and switch S1. The jumper arrays and switch S1 are used for setting the type of input signal; excitation voltage, locking out the programmed settings, enable relay acknowledgement (ACK), and setting relay fail-safe operation.

### Jumper Arrays Function and Location

Jumper Array Function	Label	Location	Diagram
Input Signal	JP5, S1	Main PCB	Figure 1
Excitation	JP1		
Lockout	JP2		
Relay ACK Enable	JP3	Display PCB	Figure 2
Fail-Safe	J2	Options PCB	Figure 3

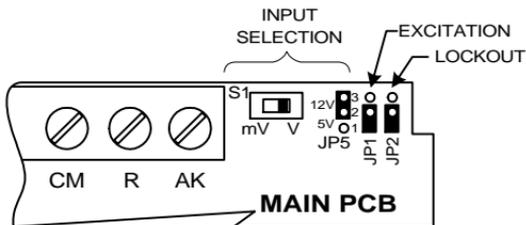


Figure 1. Input Signal Selection and Lockout

### Input Signal Selection and Lockout (Main PCB)

Function	Jumpers				Switch
	JP1	JP2	JP5 (1-2)	JP5 (2-3)	S1
mV Pulse Input			Off	On	mV
5 V Pulse Input			On	Off	V
12 V Pulse Input			Off	On	V
12 VDC Excitation	On				
24 VDC Excitation	Off				
Lockout Feature		On			

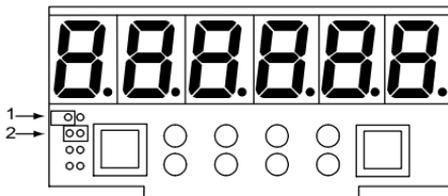
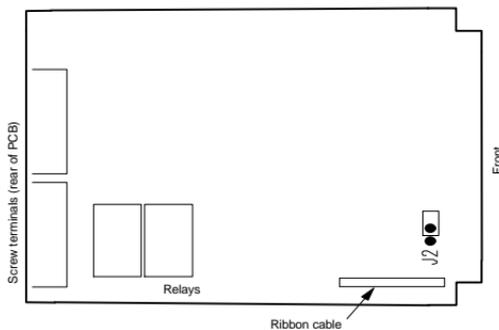


Figure 2. Relay Acknowledge Enable Jumpers

### Relay Acknowledge Enable (Display PCB)

Jumper JP3 Position	Function
1	Enable relay 1 manual reset
2	Enable relay 2 manual reset



The fail-safe operation can be disabled by removing jumper **J2** located at the front of the Options PCB (see figure to the left). Refer to page 79 for option card removal.

Figure 3. Fail-Safe Jumper Location

### Fail-Safe Operation of Relays (Options PCB)

Jumper J2 Position	Function
On	Apply fail-safe function to the relays
Off	Disable fail-safe function to the relays

## Connections

### Overview

The following connections are made to removable screw terminal connectors supplied with each meter:

- Power
- Input Signal
- Acknowledgement and Reset Total
- Relays
- 4-20 mA Output



Disconnect power to the meter prior to performing the following procedures.

### Wiring Instructions

Refer to Figure 4 for connectors location.

1. All field connections to be made with insulated copper wire, either solid or stranded. Tighten all screw terminals to 7 in-lb (0.8 Nm). Strip length =  $\frac{1}{4}$  in (7 mm). **DO NOT** pre-treat wire with solder.
2. **Terminals L, L on Main PCB connector and terminals 1-6 on J2, Options PCB** : Use AWG #12-18 wire, 600 volt, 60°C. Connect only one wire to each terminal.
3. **Terminals AK, R, CM, S+, S-, P-, P+ on Main PCB and terminals +, - on Options PCB**: Use AWG #12-22 wire, 150 volt, 60°C. If using AWG #20 or smaller wire, up to two wires may be connected to each terminal. If using AWG #18 or larger wire, only one wire may be connected to each terminal.

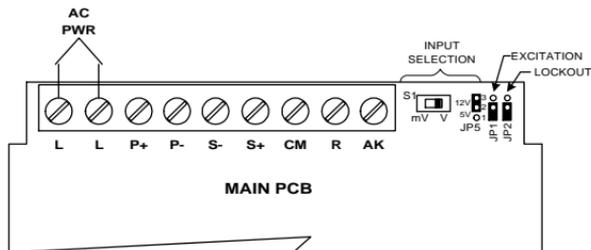


Figure 4. Power and Signal Connector Diagram

## Terminals Designation

Terminal	Description
L, L	AC input power
V+, V-	DC input power
P+, P-	24 VDC output power
S+, S-	Input signal
CM	Common (return) for AK and R

Terminal	Description
R	External total reset
AK	External relay acknowledge
+, -	4-20 mA output
1-6	Relays 1- 2

## Power Connections



Disconnect power to the meter before making any connections.



Connecting 230 VAC to meters designed for 115 VAC will result in damage to the instrument as well as endanger personnel.



Do not connect power or earth ground to any unused or CM terminals.

Connect power to terminals L and L on Main PCB screw terminal connector, located at the rear of the instrument.

Notice:

- Primary voltages must not be accessible to the user.
- Primary wires must be installed in accordance to the applicable standards.
- Keep the primary wires separated from signal cables.

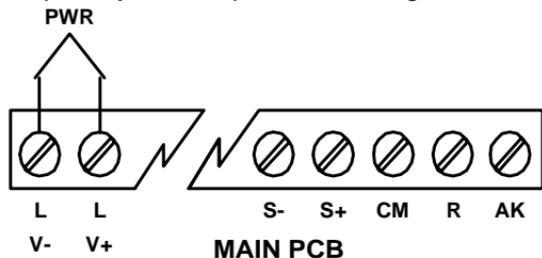


Figure 5. Input Power Connections

## Signal Connections

Signal connections are made to the connector on the Main PCB. This connector also includes connections for power, acknowledgement, reset total, and common. Refer to Figure 4 for location.

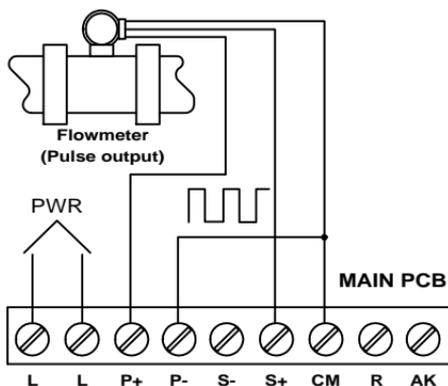


Figure 6. Flowmeter Powered by Internal Power Supply

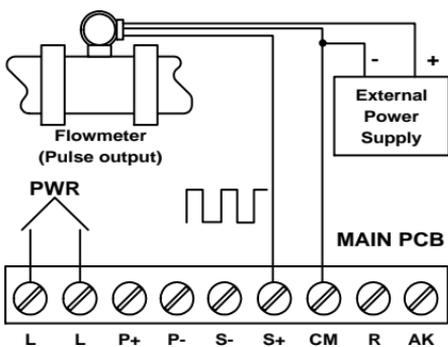


Figure 7. Flowmeter Powered by External Supply

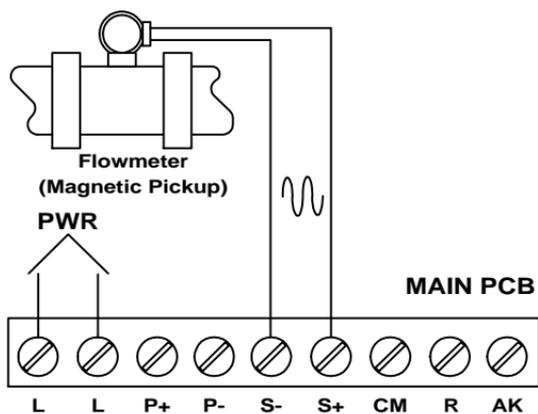


Figure 8. Self-powered Magnetic Pickup Flowmeter

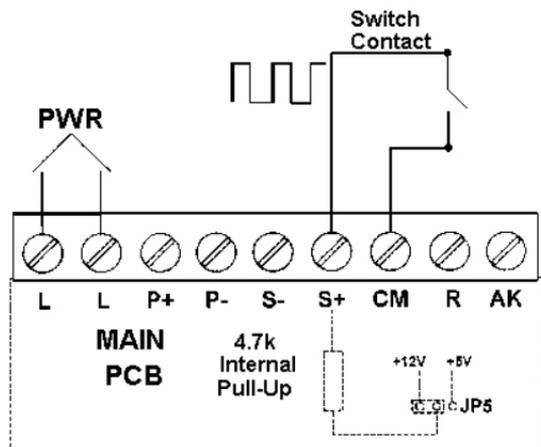


Figure 9. Switch Contact Closure

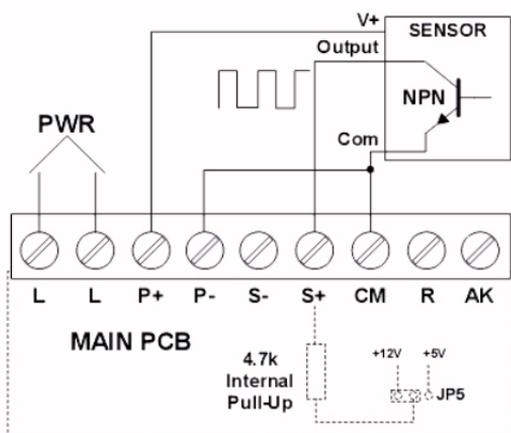


Figure 10. Open Collector Transistor Output

## Acknowledgement, Reset Total Connections

Acknowledgement and reset total terminals provide a convenient method to remotely access the following functions:

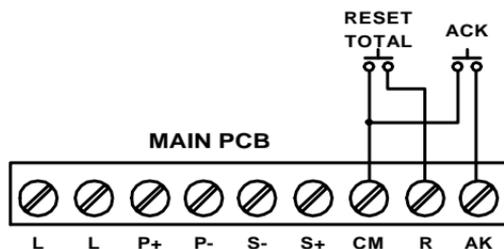


Figure 11. External Control Connections

Terminal	Function
ACK	Acknowledges or resets relays, exit menu scroll, diagnostic and calibration.
R	Resets total to zero.

## Optional Relays and 4-20 mA Output Terminals

Depending on the model number, the Options PCB may contain 2 relays and an isolated 4-20 mA output transmitter. Relay connections are made to removable screw terminal connectors located at J2 on the Options PCB. Connections for the isolated 4-20 mA output option are made to J1 on the Options PCB.

Function	Screw Terminal Connector	Pin Number
Transmitter +	J1	1
Transmitter -	J1	2
Relay 1 Common	J2	1
Relay 1 NC	J2	2
Relay 1 NO	J2	3
Relay 2 Common	J2	4
Relay 2 NC	J2	5
Relay 2 NO	J2	6

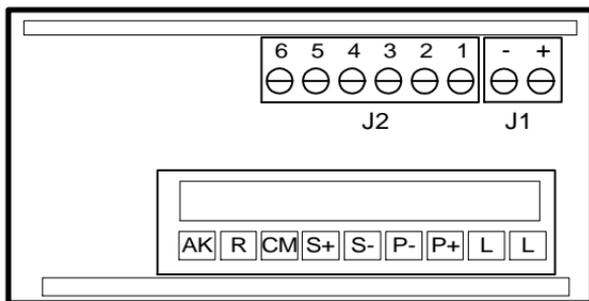


Figure 12. Rear View of Meter, Connectors Location

## Isolated 4-20 mA Output Option Connections

The meter can be equipped with an isolated 4-20 mA output signal option that can be programmed to produce a 4-20 mA output for virtually any rate display with at least a 501 count span.

The following diagrams illustrate the 4-20 mA output signal being powered from the meter's internal power supply and by an external power supply.

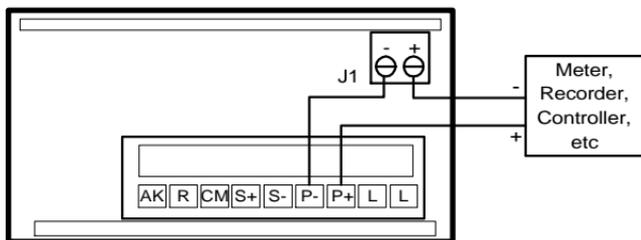


Figure 13. Output Loop Powered by Meter

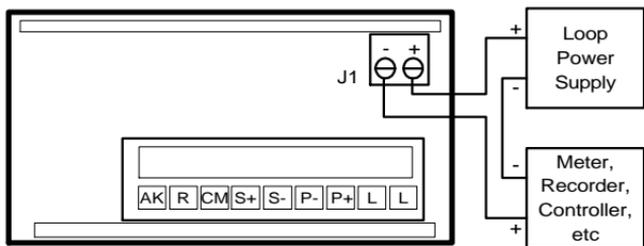


Figure 14. Output Loop Powered from External Supply



If the output loop is powered by an external supply, the loop power supply must be turned on before the meter is turned on. Otherwise, the output loop signal may be incorrect.

## Programming

### Overview

The meter is programmed using the **ENTER** button, three jumper arrays, and switch S1. The **ENTER** button is used to calibrate the meter, program various totalizer functions, and to set alarm trip and reset points. The jumper arrays are used for programming the input signal, lockout, relay acknowledge enable, and relay fail-safe operation. This section of the manual deals with programming the following aspects of the meter:

- Basic Meter Programming
- Rate Meter Setup
- Totalizer Programming
- Set Point Setup and Programming
- Isolated 4-20 mA Output Programming (**output**)
- Lockout and Display Selection Programming

### General Programming Description

All programming is performed using the **ENTER** button. To set up a function there are sequential steps that have to be performed. As each step progresses, either a single digit or the entire display will flash. The flashing digit, or flashing display, will be looking for acknowledgement if it is the desired digit or display. Pressing the **ENTER** button will accept the value. If the flashing display or digit is not the one desired, wait and the value will change.

Each digit will flash for 3 seconds before it starts to change, when it is accepted the next digit will flash for 3 seconds. This procedure will continue until the **ENTER** button is pressed while the desired option is flashing. As the programming progresses there will be times when a decision has to be made, an example is yes or no (**y or n**).

### ENTER and ACK Functionality

The **ENTER** button is used to program the meter for various functions. The **ACK** button is used to acknowledge the relays during operation and to quit main menu scroll during programming, diagnostic menu, and calibration.

### Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions

1. If flashing display is OK, press **ENTER** to accept it, before display stops flashing.
2. If flashing display is not OK, (or if **ENTER** was not pressed in time to accept it), wait for the first digit to flash.
3. If a flashing digit is OK, press **ENTER** to accept it, before it starts to scroll.
4. If a flashing digit is not OK, (or if **ENTER** was not pressed in time to accept it) wait for digit to scroll, and press **ENTER** when OK.
5. Digits will scroll until **ENTER** is pressed. When a digit is accepted by pressing **ENTER**, next digit flashes.

**The display will scroll through the following main menu functions in the order shown:**

Display	Type of Function	See page #:
<b>Dspy r</b> or <b>Dspy t</b>	Displays rate or display total.	<b>40, 68</b> <b>42, 69</b>
<b>Rset t</b>	Resets total to zero.	<b>71</b>
<b>Dspy p</b>	Displays and hold peak reading.	<b>67</b>
<b>FACTOR</b> , <b>CALIB</b> or <b>SCALE</b>	Calibrates meter after setting it for K-factor, external or internal calibration.	<b>31,</b> <b>33 - 37</b>
<b>Cutoff</b>	Sets low-flow cutoff point.	<b>41</b>
<b>T base</b>	Sets time base.	<b>38, 43</b>
<b>Tot Cf</b>	Sets totalizer conversion factor.	<b>43, 44</b>
<b>dECpt</b>	Sets rate and total decimal point.	<b>32, 45</b>
<b>Setup</b>	Sets set points for rate or total, latching or non-latching relays.	<b>47 - 53</b>
<b>SetPtS</b>	Sets alarms set/reset points and batch presets.	<b>55 - 57</b>
<b>output</b>	Sets 4-20 mA output values, if option is installed.	<b>58</b>
<b>Dsplay</b>	Includes or excludes menu titles from scroll.	<b>60-63</b>
<b>dIA9</b>	Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes.	<b>78</b>

To quit main menu scroll, diagnostic menu, calibration, or scaling press **ACK** while displaying menu item or while display is flashing input n or display n, where n is the input or display number.

## Basic Meter Programming

### Overview

There are three steps for programming the basic meter functions:

1. Select Input Signal
2. Select Calibration Method
3. Program K-factor, Calibrate or Scale the Meter

If the optional relay PCB is installed, it is necessary to remove the PCBs from the enclosure to program the fail-safe jumper (J2 on Options PCB).

**Note** To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The **Programmed Parameter Settings** form located on page 81 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.

### Quit Menu Scroll, Diagnostic, and Calibration

To quit main menu scroll, diagnostic menu, calibration, or scaling press **ACK** while displaying menu item or while display is flashing input n or display n, where n is the input or display number.

### Minimum Input Span (Error Message)

The calibration input signals must be within the range of the meter and input 2 must be greater than input 1. However, the display for input 2 does not have to be greater than the desired display for input 1.

If input 1 signal and input 2 signal are within 3 Hz, an **Error** message will appear and the display will return to the current input to be calibrated. To terminate calibration process press **ACK** button.

## Select Input Signal

The meter can be programmed to accept all the common pulse inputs and contact closure signals using jumper JP5 and S1 switch located on the Main PCB, at the rear of the instrument. Jumper JP1 sets the excitation voltage to 12 VDC or 24 VDC.

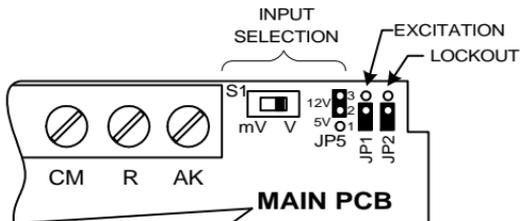


Figure 15. Input Signal Selection Switch and Jumper Array.

## Jumper Arrays Function and Location

Jumper Array Function	Label	Location	Diagram
Input Signal	JP5, S1	Main PCB	Figure 1
Excitation	JP1		
Lockout	JP2		
Relay ACK Enable	JP3	Display PCB	Figure 2
Fail-Safe	J2	Options PCB	Figure 3

The meter can also be programmed to restrict personnel from making changes to the meter's programming by installing a jumper over JP2 pins on Main PCB. For a complete description of the **Lockout and Display Selection Programming** features, see page 59.

## Select Calibration Method

The meter may be scaled using the K-factor function, calibrated using an external signal source such as a calibrator, or scaled using the internal source with the **I-CAL** (internal calibration) feature. With **I-CAL**, a frequency input signal can be scaled for any display range without applying a signal.

To select Calibration Method, apply power with **ENTER** button pressed.

1. When display stops flashing, release **ENTER** button. Display alternates between **PtS** and **FActor**.
2. To select multi-point calibration/scaling, press **ENTER** when **PtS** is displayed.
3. To calibrate meter with an external source, such as a calibrator, press **ENTER** when **E-CAL** appears.
4. To scale meter with internal source, press **ENTER** when **I-CAL** appears.

After the calibration method has been selected, the meter returns to reading mode. To perform K-factor scaling, calibration, or scaling follow the corresponding procedure.

## Set Rate and Total Decimal Point

The totalizer decimal point may be set independently of the rate decimal point. For instance, it is possible to have a rate decimal point set at 2999.9 and a totalizer decimal point set at 999.999.

<p><b>Set decimal point</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when the <b>dECPt</b> (decimal point) function appears. The display moves to the total and rate decimal point functions. If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed within 3 seconds the display moves on to the next function to be programmed.</p>		
<p><b>Set totalizer decimal point</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when the <b>total</b> (totalizer decimal point) function appears.</p>		
<p>Select the desired decimal point location by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is in the desired location. If no decimal point is required press <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is not shown. The display moves to the rate decimal point function.</p>	 final 	
<p><b>Set rate decimal point</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when the <b>rAtE</b> (rate decimal point) function appears.</p>		
<p>The decimal point will begin to scroll, and a zero will be displayed for the sixth digit. Select decimal point location or extra zero by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when decimal point is in the required location or extra zero is displayed. If no decimal point is required, press <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is not shown.</p>	 final 	

## Scale or Calibrate the Meter

The meter may be scaled using the K-factor function, calibrated using an external signal source such as a calibrator, or scaled using the internal source with the **I-CAL** (internal calibration) feature. With **I-CAL**, a frequency input signal can be scaled for any display range without applying a signal.

### Scale Using K-Factor (FACTOR)

<p><b>Set K-factor</b> Press <b>ENTER</b> when the <b>FACTOR</b> (K-factor) function appears. The display moves to setting the K-factor decimal point.</p>		<p><b>FACTOR</b></p>
<p>Select the desired decimal point location by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is in the desired location. If no decimal point is required press <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is not shown. The display moves to setting the K-factor value.</p>		<p><b>999999</b> final <b>999999</b></p>
<p><b>Set K-factor value</b> The entire display will flash for three seconds. For instructions, see <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 28.</p>		<p><b>001.000</b> final <b>1000.00</b></p>

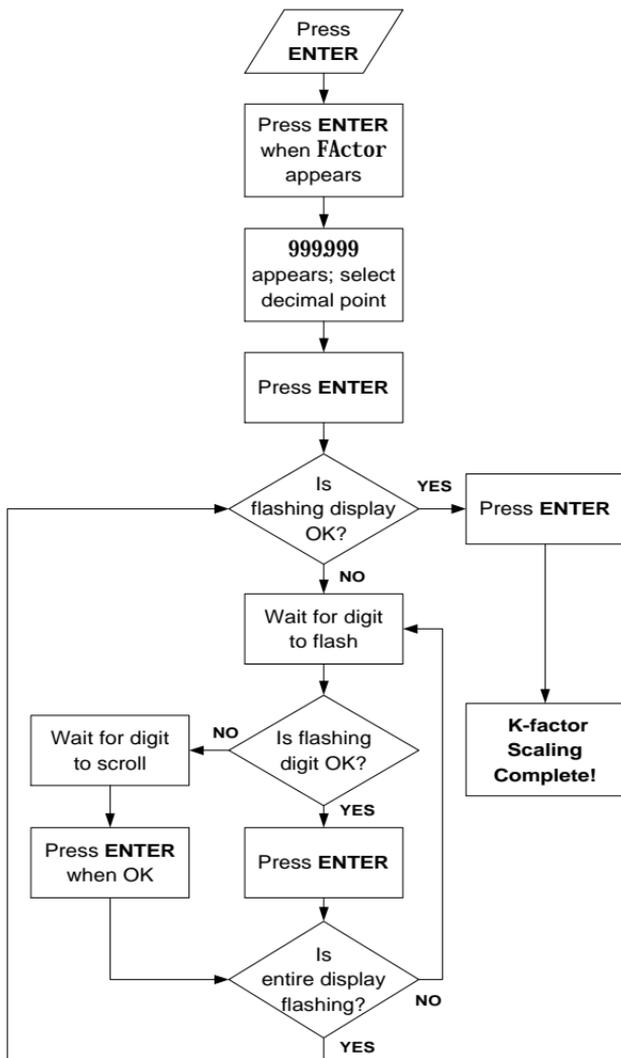


Figure 16. K-Factor Scaling Flowchart

### Scale Using Internal Calibration (I - CAL)

<p><b>Note</b> To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The <b>Programmed Parameter Settings</b> form located on page 81 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.</p>		
<p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press it again when the <b>Scale</b> (scale) function appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Scale</div>
<p><b>Select the number of calibration points</b> If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed when <b>no. pts</b> is displayed, the number of points will default to whatever was selected previously. To program the number of calibration points, press <b>ENTER</b> while <b>no. pts</b> is flashing. When desired number of points is displayed, press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">No. pts</div> then <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin: 2px;">2</div> ... <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin: 2px;">11</div>

<p><b>Set the first calibration point</b> <b>INPT 1</b> (input 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input corresponding to the first calibration point. Press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Inpt 1</div>
<p><b>Set the input for the first calibration point</b> The entire display will flash for three seconds. For instructions, see <b>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</b>, page 28.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">00000.0</div> final input 1 <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">00020.0</div>
<p><b>Set display for the first calibration point</b> <b>Dspy 1</b> (display 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display corresponding to the first calibration point. Press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Dspy 1</div>
<p>Program the display for <b>Dspy 1</b> (display 1) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">00000</div> final display 1 <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">00020</div>

### Calibration Error (error)

A meter display of **Error** during calibration indicates that the calibration process was not successful. The meter should be recalibrated.

The **Error** message will appear if input 1 signal and input 2 signal are too close together. Refer to *Minimum Input Span (Error Message)*, page 32.

The **Error** message will appear if input 1 signal is inadvertently also applied for input 2 calibration, or **ENTER** is pressed before applying input 2.

<p><b>Set the second calibration point</b></p> <p><b>INPT 2</b> (input 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input corresponding to the second calibration point. Press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>		<p><b>Inpt 2</b></p>
<p><b>Set the input for the second calibration point</b></p> <p>Program the display for <b>INPT 2</b> (input 2) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>		<p><b>10000.0</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>20000.0</b></p>
<p><b>Set display for the second calibration point</b></p> <p><b>Dspy 2</b> (display 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display corresponding to the second calibration point. Press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>		<p><b>Dspy 2</b></p>
<p>Program the display for <b>Dspy 2</b> (display 2) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>		<p><b>10000</b></p> <p>final display 2</p> <p><b>20000</b></p>
<p>Set the display for the remaining calibration points, if selected. Decimal point is set up under decimal point menu (<b>dECPt</b>).</p>		

### Calibrate Using External Calibration (E-CAL)

<p><b>Note</b> To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The <b>Programmed Parameter Settings</b> form located on page 81 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.</p>	
<p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press it again when the <b>Cal Ib</b> (calibrate) function appears.</p>	 <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-top: 10px;"><b>Cal Ib</b></div>
<p><b>Select the number of calibration points</b> If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed when <b>no. pts</b> is displayed, the number of points will default to whatever was selected previously. To program the number of calibration points, press <b>ENTER</b> while <b>no. pts</b> is flashing. When desired number of points is displayed, press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>No. pts</b></div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px; width: 40px; text-align: center;">2</div> <p style="text-align: center;">...</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px; width: 40px; text-align: center;">11</div>
<p><b>Apply the signal for the first calibration point</b> <b>INPT 1</b> (input 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to accept a signal for the first calibration point. Apply the desired signal and press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>	 <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-top: 10px;"><b>Inpt 1</b></div>
<p><b>Set the display for the first calibration point</b> The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program display value per <b>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</b>, page 28.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px; width: 60px; text-align: center;">00000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final display 1</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px; width: 60px; text-align: center;">00020</div>
<p><b>Apply signal for the second calibration point</b> <b>INPT 2</b> (input 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to accept a signal for the second calibration point. Apply the desired signal and press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>	 <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-top: 10px;"><b>Inpt 2</b></div>
<p><b>Set the display for the second calibration point</b> Program the display as described above when the display for the first calibration point was programmed.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px; width: 60px; text-align: center;">10000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final display 2</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 5px; width: 60px; text-align: center;">20000</div>
<p>Set the display for the remaining calibration points, if selected.</p>	

## Gate Function (Gate)

The gate function is used to allow the display of slow pulse rates. In the previous version of this meter, the minimum pulse rate that could be displayed was 0.33 pulse/sec. With the programmable gate, the meter is able to display pulse rates as slow as 1 pulse every 99 seconds (0.0101 pulse/sec). The gate function can also be used to obtain a steady display reading with a fluctuating input signal. The gate function (**Gate**) has been added to **t bASE** menu. After time base is selected, **Gate** will appear. If there is no need to change gate setting, let it time out without pressing **ENTER**. There are two settings for the **Gate**, low gate (**L0**) and high gate (**HI**).

### Low Gate (L0)

For most applications, low gate setting should be left at 1.0 second. Increase low gate setting to obtain a steadier rate display. The rate display will update in accordance with the low gate setting, for example if low gate is set at 10.0, the display will update every 10 seconds; changes in rate between updates will not be reflected until next display update.

### High Gate (HI)

Set the high gate value to correspond to the highest expected pulse width (lowest pulse rate). For instance if the meter must display a rate when there is 1 pulse coming into the meter every 10 seconds, set the high gate to 11.0 seconds. When the signal is removed from the meter, the display will show the last reading for 11 seconds; then it will read zero.

## Programming the Gate (Gate)

<p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press it again when the <b>t bASE</b> (time base) function appears. Select appropriate time base, after time base has been selected <b>Gate</b> appears. Press <b>ENTER</b> to set gate values.</p>		<p><b>t bASE</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>SEC</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>GatE</b></p>
<p>Low gate function and setting will be displayed. Press <b>ENTER</b> to accept low gate value. Display will show high gate function and setting, change value as required.</p> <p>After gate values have been programmed, the meter moves on to the next function to be programmed.</p>		<p><b>L0</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>00001.0</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>HI</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>00003.0</b></p>

## Contact De-bounce Filter (FILter)

The filter function (**FILter**) can be used for applications where the meter is set up to count pulses generated by switch contacts. The filter value can be set anywhere between 2 and 50, the higher the value, the greater the filtering.

To access this feature, power up the meter with **ACK** button pressed. When display comes on release **ACK** button, display will alternate between **HI SPd** (high speed) and **LO SPd** (low speed), press **ENTER** when **LO SPd** is displayed to enable filter function. The filter function (**FILter**) appears at the end of the main menu scroll with low speed filter selected. Program filter value so that there are no extra counts when contact closure is completed.

## Gate and Filter Settings

Contact De-bounce Filter			Slow Pulse Rate			
Filter Setting	Speed Setting	Max Freq Hz	Low Gate**	High Gate	Min Pulse Rate(p/s)	Min Freq* Hz
2	LO	950	1	3.1	1/3	0.33
4	LO	450	1	10.1	1/10	0.01
10	LO	200	1	30.1	1/30	0.0333
25	LO	75	1	60.1	1/60	0.0167
50	LO	40	1	90.1	1/90	0.0111
N/A	HI	30,000	1	99.1	1/99	0.0101
* Minimum frequency is dependent on high gate setting.						
** Low gate setting can be used to stabilize display reading with fluctuating signal.						
<b>NOTE:</b> (Input frequency) x (Low gate) must be < 65,000. Otherwise, display goes overrange.						

## Rate Meter Setup

### Overview

The meter can be used to display flow rate. In addition to the scaling and calibration procedures described above, the only setup required for this type of application is setting the meter to display rate, and programming the low-flow cutoff if required.

### Set Display to Rate (dSPY r)

The user may select either rate or total to be set as the default displayed reading. When displaying rate, the rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

<p><b>To change the display from reading total to rate</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>	
<p>When <b>dspy r</b> (display rate) appears, press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>	 
<p>The meter now displays rate and the green <b>R</b> LED on the right side is illuminated.</p>	

## Low-Flow Cutoff Programming ( Cutoff )

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that any input below the cutoff point is always displayed as zero on the rate display.

In multi-point calibration/scaling, the total is based on the rate display; so, inputs below the low-flow cutoff value will not affect the totalizer.

In K-factor scaling, the totalizer ignores the low-flow cutoff; the totalizer counts every incoming pulse regardless of the rate display.

<p><b>To set the low-flow cutoff point Cutoff</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press it again when <b>Cutoff</b> (low-flow cutoff) appears.</p>		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">Cutoff</div>
<p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program low-flow cutoff value per <b><i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i></b>, page 28.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> To disable low-flow cutoff, reprogram the value to zero.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">- 19999</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">01000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">then</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">01500</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">01520</div>	

## Totalizer Programming

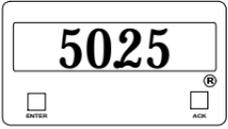
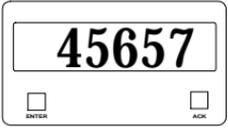
### Overview

The meter can also be used to display total flow. There are five functions to be programmed to allow the meter to act as a flow totalizer:

1. Set display to total
2. Set rate time base
3. Set totalizer conversion factor
4. Set totalizer decimal point
5. Set alternating display (if needed)

### Set Display for Total (dSPy t)

The user may select either rate or total to be set as the default displayed reading. When displaying rate, the green rate LED indicator on the right side of the display will be illuminated.

<p><b>To change the display from reading rate to total</b></p> <p>The meter is now displaying rate, as indicated by the green LED illuminated on the right side of the display. Press <b>ENTER</b> to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>	
<p>When <b>dspy t</b> (display total) appears, press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>	
<p>The meter now displays total.</p>	

### Set Rate Time Base (t baSE)

To act as a totalizer, the meter must be programmed with the same time base as the flowmeter. The time base is the time units in which the rate is displayed. For example, if the rate is in gallons per hour then the time base must be set to **k/hour**.

<p><b>To set the time base t base</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press it again when the <b>t baSE</b> (time base) function appears.</p>	 	
<p>The different units of time will scroll: minute, hour, second. Press <b>ENTER</b> when the required unit is displayed.</p> <p>The display moves to setting the gate function. If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed within 3 seconds, the display moves to the next function to be programmed. Refer to page 38.</p>	 or  or 	

### Set Totalizer Conversion Factor (tot CF)

The totalizer conversion factor is a number that is multiplied by the rate to compute the total. For example, if the rate display is gallons per hour and total is desired in barrels, (1 gallon = .02381 barrels) a total conversion factor of .02381 should be used. If the rate display is gallons per hour and total is desired in gallons, a factor of 1 should be used.

The factor has a selectable decimal point. Because the decimal point is mathematically significant, values such as 1.0000, 1.0, and 1 produce identical results. However, values such as 1.1111, 1.1, and 1 produce different results. The decimal point should be set so as to produce the best resolution for the application. The maximum value for the totalizer conversion factor depends upon the decimal point selection.

Number of Decimal Places	Maximum Conversion Factor
0	59999
1	5999.9
2	599.99
3	59.999
4	5.9999
5	0.59999

<p><b>Set totalizer conversion factor</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>Tot Cf</b> (totalizer conversion factor) function appears.</p>		<p><b>Tot Cf</b></p>
<p><b>Set the totalizer conversion factor decimal point</b></p> <p>Immediately after <b>tot Cf</b> is selected, the display will show six numbers. After three seconds, the decimal point will begin to scroll. Select the desired decimal point location by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is in the desired location. If no decimal point is required press <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is not shown.</p>		<p><b>999999</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>999999</b></p> <p>final</p> <p><b>999999</b></p>
<p><b>Set the total conversion factor value</b></p> <p>Once the decimal point has been selected, the entire display will flash for three seconds. For instructions, see <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 28.</p>		<p><b>001000</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>002000</b></p> <p>final</p> <p><b>002381</b></p>

## Set Totalizer Decimal Point

The totalizer decimal point may be set independently of the rate decimal point. For instance, it is possible to have a rate decimal point set at 2999.9 and a totalizer decimal point set at 999.999. Rate decimal point setting instructions are also explained below, ignore if the rate decimal point has been set up already.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Set decimal point</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when the <b>dECPt</b> (decimal point) function appears. The display moves to the total and rate decimal point functions. If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed within 3 seconds the display moves on to the next function to be programmed.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>ENTER</b></p> 	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>dECPt</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Set totalizer decimal point</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when the <b>total</b> (totalizer decimal point) function appears.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>ENTER</b></p> 	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Total</b></p>
<p>Select the desired decimal point location by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is in the desired location. If no decimal point is required press <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is not shown. The display moves to the rate decimal point function.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>999999</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>999999</b></p>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Set rate decimal point</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when the <b>rAtE</b> (rate decimal point) function appears.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>ENTER</b></p> 	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>rAtE</b></p>
<p>The decimal point will begin to scroll, and a zero will be displayed for the sixth digit. Select decimal point location or extra zero by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when decimal point is in the required location or extra zero is displayed. If no decimal point is required, press <b>ENTER</b> when the decimal point is not shown.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>29999</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>29999</b></p>	

### Set Alternating Total/Rate Display

The display may be programmed to automatically toggle between rate and total every ten seconds. The alternating display is set up by selecting **n** (no) for both **dSPy r** (display rate) and **dSPy t** (display total) under Display Selection (**dSPy**), page 62.

<p><b>Set alternating total/rate display</b> Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press it again when <b>dsplay</b> (display) function appears.</p>		
<p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>DSpy r</b> (display rate) appears</p>		
<p><b>Y or n</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. Press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> (no) appears.</p>		
<p>Press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>DSpy t</b> (display total) appears</p>		
<p><b>Y or n</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. Press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> appears.</p>		
<p><b>NOTE:</b> Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.</p>		

**This completes calibration and setup of the Basic Meter and Totalizer.**

### Parameter Combinations Resulting in error1 Message

Certain extreme combinations of parameter selections may exceed the totalizer range of the meter. If this occurs, the meter will momentarily display **Error 1** immediately after a programming operation. Steps to correct this situation are:

Increase the number of decimal places in rate or totalizer conversion factor, or

Decrease the number of decimal places in total.

## Set Point Setup and Programming

### Overview

The meter is available with 4 alarm points and corresponding front panel status LEDs as a standard feature. The front panel LEDs are useful for alarm applications that require visual notification only. For applications that require relay contacts, such as driving external alarm devices or batch controlling, the meter can be equipped with either two or four relays. Any of these relays may be assigned to rate or total.

Programming the relays involves four steps:

**1. Setting the relay manual reset (ACK enable) jumpers:**

These jumpers (JP3) are located on the Display PCB and determine if a relay can be manually reset.

**2. Setting the fail-safe jumper (J2):**

**Fail-safe mode (default):** In the alarm condition, the normally closed (NC) contacts are connected to the common (C) contacts of the relays. The fail-safe operation can be disabled, by removing jumper J2 located on the Options PCB.

**3. Setting set point functions using setup (SETUP) menu:**

- Selecting set points for rate or total.
- Selecting latching or non-latching relay action for rate set points.
- Selecting preset offset for total set points.
- Selecting internal or external (**I or E**) total reset for batch control applications.
- Programming delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds if internal total reset (**I**) has been selected.
- Selecting pump alternation control feature for non-latching relays.

**4. Programming set, reset, preset, offset, and delay values using the set points (SEtPtS) menu:**

- Set and reset points for alarms (set points) assigned to rate (thus determining high or low alarm status and deadband).
- Preset values for set points assigned to total.
- Preset offset values for set points assigned to total with offset selected.

### Set Relays for Manual or Automatic Reset

Jumper array JP3 located on the Display PCB is used to program the relays so they can be reset manually. This jumper array, in combination with **SETUP** functions of latching or non-latching for rate and internal or external total reset, provide multiple relay reset modes:

Relays Assigned to Total		
Type of reset	JP3 Jumper Position	SETuP Menu
Automatic after delay elapses	N/A	Internal ( <b>I</b> )
Automatic when total resets to zero + manual any time	On	External ( <b>E</b> )

Relays Assigned to Rate		
Type of reset	JP3 Jumper Position	SETuP Menu
Automatic only after passing reset point	Off	Non-latching
Automatic + manual at any time	On	Non-latching
Manual only at any time	On	Latching
Manual only after passing reset point	Off	Latching

### Set Relays for Fail-Safe Operation

In the fail-safe mode, the relay coils are *energized* and the Normally Open (NO) contacts are connected to the Common (C) contacts under normal operation. During an alarm condition, the relay coils are *de-energized*, the Normally Closed (NC) contacts are connected to the Common (C) contacts. During a power failure the relay contacts reflect an alarm condition.

Removing jumper J2 disables the fail-safe operation. Jumper J2 is located on the Options PCB, See Figure 3 on page 19. If fail-safe mode is disabled, the operation of the relay contacts is opposite to the one described in the previous paragraph.

## Assigning Set Points to Rate or Total (setup)

The optional relays can be assigned to respond to the rate or the accumulated total using the **setup** function. Rate relays may be set for latching or non-latching operation. Total relays may be programmed for manual or automatic reset after a programmable delay on release of between 1 and 999 seconds has elapsed. Delay on release is available when internal total reset is selected. The internal total reset function is applied to the highest programmed preset value.

The **setup** menu is used to program the following:

### 1. Selecting a set point for rate or total

Any set point can be set up so it responds to the rate or total display.

### 2. Latching or non-latching relay action for rate set points

Any rate set point can be set up so it functions as a latching or non-latching relay. In latching mode, the relay must be reset via the front panel ACK button or an external switch wired across terminals AK and CM at connector on the Main PCB.

### 3. Internal or external total reset effect on total relays

If internal total reset is selected, the total resets to zero when the highest preset value is reached. All relays assigned to total will automatically reset after the delay on release elapses, allowing a new batch to begin.

If external total reset is selected, relays must be reset manually. total relays also reset when total is reset to zero.

### 4. Preset offset for total set points

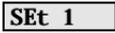
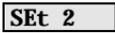
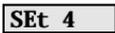
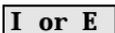
Relays assigned to total can be programmed to trip at any point below the next relay's preset value. If preset offset mode is selected the corresponding relay will always trip at a programmed offset value before the next relay trips. When an offset value is being programmed, the corresponding status LED flashes.

Example: Set point 1 and 2 are set up for total, with offset selected (under set point 2). If the preset offset is set at 10, (during Set points programming for set point 1), then relay 1 will trip 10 counts before relay 2.

### 5. Program delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds if internal total reset has been selected.

If internal total reset is selected, the total is automatically reset to zero when the highest preset is reached, then a delay will occur before all total relays reset automatically. The delay can be programmed anywhere between 1 and 999 seconds. Once the delay has started, the ACK button becomes inoperative for all total relays until the delay has elapsed.

### Rate or Total, Latching or Non-Latching Relays (Setup)

<p><b>Note</b> To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The <b>Programmed Parameter Settings</b> form located on page 81 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.</p>		
<p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>Setup</b> (setup) function appears</p>		
<p><b>To set up set points</b></p> <p><b>SEt 1</b> (set point 1) will be displayed. Press <b>ENTER</b> to program set point 1 or wait and the display will move to the next set point. When <b>SEt 4</b> (set point 4) is shown, the meter will exit the <b>Setup</b> (setup) menu and move to the next programming menu.</p>		 then  then  then  then 

<p>If <b>ENTER</b> is pressed while <b>SEt 1</b> (set point 1) is shown, the display will then show <b>r</b> or <b>t</b> (rate or total) flashing alternately.</p> <p>Select the desired one by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when it is flashing.</p>		<p><b>SEt 1</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>R or t</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Select rate</b></p> <p>After selecting <b>r</b> for rate, the display will show <b>LatCH</b> (latching). Press <b>ENTER</b> to program this function. If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next set point will be displayed.</p>		<p><b>R or t</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>LatCk</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>SEt 2</b></p>
<p>If <b>ENTER</b> is pressed while the display reads <b>LatCH</b>, then <b>Y</b> or <b>n</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. To program this set point for latching relay, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>Y</b> is flashing. To program this set point for non-latching relay, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> is flashing. After making the selection, setup of this set point is complete and the next set point will be displayed. After set point 4 is shown the meter will exit the <b>Setup</b> menu.</p>		<p><b>R or t</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>LatCH</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>y or n</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>SEt 2</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Select total</b></p> <p>After selecting <b>t</b> for total, the display will show <b>Set 2</b> (set point 2), press <b>ENTER</b> to set up set point 2 or wait and the display will move to the next set point.</p>		<p><b>R or t</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>SEt 2</b></p>

### Programming the second set point

The only potential difference between the way set point 2 is programmed from the way set point 1 was programmed is if set point 1 was assigned to total. If set point 1 was assigned to total, and set point 2 is also assigned to total, then the user may select offset mode after setting set point 2 for total. The offset value will be programmed during set point 1 (**SEtPtS**) programming and it corresponds to the value at which relay 1 trips before relay 2 trips. This feature is useful for some batch control applications.

<p>If <b>ENTER</b> is pressed while <b>Set 2</b> (set point 2) is shown, the display will then show <b>r or t</b> (rate or total) flashing alternately. Select the desired one by pressing <b>ENTER</b> when it is flashing.</p>		<p><b>Set 2</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>r or t</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Select rate</b></p> <p>After selecting <b>r</b> for rate, the display will show <b>LatCh</b> (latching). Press <b>ENTER</b> to program this function. If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next set point will be displayed.</p>		<p><b>R or t</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>LatCh</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>Set 3</b></p>
<p>If <b>ENTER</b> is pressed while the display reads <b>LatCh</b>, then <b>Y or n</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. To program this set point for latching relay, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>Y</b> is flashing. To program this set point for non-latching relay, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> is flashing. After making the selection, setup of this set point is complete and the next set point will be displayed. After set point 4 is shown the meter will exit the <b>Setup</b> menu.</p>		<p><b>R or t</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>LatCh</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>Y or n</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>Set 3</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Select total when the first set point was assigned to rate</b></p> <p>After selecting <b>t</b> for total, the display will show <b>Set 3</b> (set point 3), press <b>ENTER</b> to set up set point 3 or wait and the display will move to the next set point.</p>		<p><b>R or t</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>Set 3</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Select total when the first set point was assigned to total</b></p> <p>After selecting <b>t</b> for total for second set point, the display will show <b>OFFSet</b> (preset offset) press <b>ENTER</b> to set up this function. If <b>ENTER</b> is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next set point will be displayed.</p>		<p><b>R or t</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>OFFSet</b></p> <p>then</p> <p><b>Set 3</b></p>

If **ENTER** is pressed while the display reads **OFFSET**, then **Y** or **N** (yes or no) will flash alternately. To program this set point for preset offset, press **ENTER** when **Y** is flashing. To program this set point without preset offset, press **ENTER** when **n** is flashing. After making the selection, setup of set point 2 is complete and the next set point will be displayed. Press **ENTER** to set up that set point, if not, wait until desired set point is displayed or wait for the meter to exit the **Setup** menu completely.



**OFFSET**

then

**Y or n**

then

**Set 3**

#### Setup of the remaining set points

The remaining set points, set point 3 and set point 4 are set up in the same fashion as set point 2. They can be set up as rate or total set points.

#### Programming Internal Total Reset and Delay (DELAY)

##### Select internal total reset and delay

After the last set point is set up or displayed, **I** or **E** appears, press **ENTER**. while **I** (internal) is flashing. **Delay** (delay) will be displayed for 3 seconds, press **ENTER** to program delay. For instructions, see *Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions*, page 28.

This completes the **Delay** (delay) programming.

**I or e**

**Delay**

then

**000010**

final delay

**000600**

This completes the set points setup. The display now moves to the next programming menu **SetPtS** to program the alarm set/reset and preset values. To exit main programming menu and return to reading press the **ACK** button.

## Programming Alarm Points and Presets (SEtPtS)

### Overview

The set points (**SEtPtS**) menu is used to program the following functions:

1. Set and reset points for alarms assigned to rate, thus determining high or low alarm status and deadband.
2. Preset values for set points assigned to total.
3. Preset offset values for set points assigned to total with **OFFSET** selected

### Set and Reset Points for Rate Alarms

The meter can be programmed so any alarm point that is assigned to rate can be set for a high or low alarm. In addition, any rate alarm point can be programmed for 0-100% deadband. A rate alarm is programmed for a high alarm, by programming the set point at a higher value than the reset point. Conversely, a rate alarm is programmed for a low alarm, by programming the set point at a lower value than the reset point.

#### Example:

To program a high alarm at 500, with 100 counts of deadband, program set and reset points as follows:

Set point: 500  
Reset point: 400

### Preset Values for Total Set Points

When a set point is assigned to total, a preset value at which the relay will trip must be programmed. Unlike set points assigned to rate, which require a set and reset point, set points assigned to total require only a preset value. When the preset value is reached, the relay transfers. The relay can be programmed to reset automatically or manually.

### Preset Offset Values for Total Set Points (OFFSET)

A preset offset value can be assigned when two adjacent set points are assigned to total and the second one has been assigned to **OFFSET** during **Setup** above. The first relay of a pair will trip at a programmed preset offset value below the second relay's preset value.

Example: If the preset offset value is set at 10 then the first relay will trip at 10 counts before the second relay trips.

In the above example the relay pair combination could be 1 & 2, 2 & 3, or 3 & 4.

## Programming Alarm and Preset Values (SEtPtS)

Alarm, preset, and preset offset values are programmed under the **SEtPtS** menu, one at a time, starting with set point 1. The set points are programmed according to whether they were assigned to rate or total during the **setup** program. For set points assigned to rate, it is necessary to program both a set and reset points. For set points assigned to total, either a reset value or preset offset value needs to be programmed.

The 4 discrete LEDs labeled 1-4, on the display indicate which set point is being programmed.

For set points assigned to rate, there are two LEDs labeled **S** and **R** that indicate whether a set or reset point is being programmed.

When programming set points assigned to total, only one of the 4 discrete LEDs on the display will be illuminated at a time. A flashing LED indicates that a preset offset value is being programmed, a steady-on LED indicates that a preset value is being programmed.

<p><b>Note</b> To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The <b>Programmed Parameter Settings</b> form located on page 81 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.</p>		
<p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>SEtPtS</b> (set points) function appears. The display will scroll through the set points, press <b>ENTER</b> when the desired set point is displayed to program that set point.</p>		
<p>If <b>ENTER</b> is pressed while <b>SEt 1</b> (set point 1) is shown, the display will then show a flashing number. Follow instructions below to program set points assigned to rate and set points (presets) assigned to total.</p>		 <p>then</p> 

<b>Set points assigned to rate</b>	
For set points assigned to rate during the <b>Setup</b> function, the alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) and the <b>S</b> (set point) LED will be illuminated. This indicates that the set point for alarm # (1, 2, 3, or 4) is being programmed.	
<p><b>Set the display for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) set point</b></p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program set point per <b>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</b>, page 28.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">070.00</div> then <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">120.00</div> final <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">125.00</div>
<b>Set the display for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) reset point</b>	
As soon as the set point for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4) has been programmed, the meter displays the reset point for alarm # (1,2,3, or 4). This is indicated by the alarm # (1, 2, 3, or 4) LED and <b>R</b> (reset point) LED being illuminated. The reset point is programmed in the same fashion as the set point above.	
Press <b>ENTER</b> , then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>SetPtS</b> (set points) function appears.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">ENTER</div>  <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">SEtPtS</div>
<b>Preset values for set points assigned to total without Offset</b>	
For set points that have been assigned to total without <b>Offset</b> during the <b>Setup</b> function, the preset # (1,2,3, or 4) will be illuminated. This indicates that the value for preset # (1, 2, 3, or 4) is being programmed.	
<p><b>Set the display for preset # (1,2,3, or 4)</b></p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program preset values per <b>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</b>, page 28.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">070.00</div> then <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">120.00</div> final <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">125.00</div>

Press <b>ENTER</b> , then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>SetPtS</b> (set points) function appears.	 	
<b>Preset values for set points assigned to total with Offset</b>		
If a set point was assigned to total with <b>Offset</b> during the <b>Setup</b> function, it means that this set point and the one before it function as a pair. That is, the first relay will always trip a specified number of counts before the second relay. This is called the preset offset value and it is programmed as the first preset in a pair of set points set up for <b>Offset</b> . The second value in a pair of set points set up for <b>Offset</b> represents the actual preset value.		
<b>Set the display for preset offset and preset values</b> The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program presets per <b>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</b> , page 28.	 then  then  final 	

## Isolated 4-20 mA Output Programming (output)

Programming the 4-20 mA transmitter output option for the meter does not require the use of a calibrator. The transmitter output can be calibrated so that a 4 mA output is produced for any rate measured by the meter. The 20 mA output may correspond to any rate that is at least 501 counts greater or smaller than the rate corresponding to 4 mA. (Ex. 4 mA = 0, 20 mA = 501) If the span between 4 and 20 mA is less than 501 counts, an **error** message will appear and the previously programmed values will be retained in memory until a new set of values is accepted.

Press <b>ENTER</b> , then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the Output menu appears		<b>output</b>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Set the display for value at which 4 mA is produced</b></p> <p>The green LED labeled "4" will be on indicating the meter is ready to accept the value at which 4 mA is produced.</p> <p>The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program display value corresponding to 4 mA output per <i>Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions</i>, page 30.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center; width: fit-content; margin: 5px auto;">00000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center; width: fit-content; margin: 5px auto;">00032</div>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Set the display for value at which 20 mA is produced</b></p> <p>The green LED labeled "20" will now be on indicating the meter is ready to accept the value at which 20 mA is produced. Program this value in the same fashion as it was done above.</p>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center; width: fit-content; margin: 5px auto;">10000</div> <p style="text-align: center;">final</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center; width: fit-content; margin: 5px auto;">01450</div>	

### 4-20 mA Output Programming Confirmation

The values that have been programmed to produce the 4 and 20 mA outputs can be quickly checked to make sure they are the desired values. To do this, access the **outPut** routine by pressing **ENTER**, and then pressing **ENTER** again when **outPut** appears. Note display values when "4" and "20" LEDs are on and press **ENTER** before the display stops flashing.

## Lockout and Display Selection Programming

### Overview

The meter provides the user with the ability to restrict modification of programming values and to exclude menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. Restricting modification of the programming values is accomplished by installing the lockout jumper (JP2). Excluding menu titles from the menu scroll is performed with the **dSPLaY** menu.

### Lockout

The lockout jumper is used to restrict modification of calibration and programming values. It is labeled JP2, and it is located at the rear of the Main PCB. When **ENTER** is pressed with the lockout jumper in place, **SCaLe**, **CalIb**, **Cutoff**, **Tbase**, **Tot Cf**, and **dECPt** do not appear during the menu scroll, and thus cannot be modified.

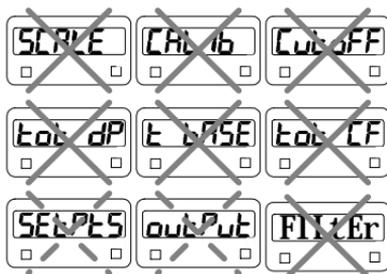


Figure 17. Functions Locked Out with Lockout Jumper

**SetPtS** menu title always appears. Ability to change values may be restricted.

**outPut** menu title appears only if 4-20 mA output option is installed.

### Notes:

1. The other function the lockout jumper performs is activating selections made through the **dSPLaY** menu. That is, selections made through the **dSPLaY** menu only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.
2. With the lockout jumper in place, the **SetPtS** menu still appears. To program it so the set points, reset points or presets can only be viewed and not changed, it is necessary to set the **SetPtS** menu in the **dSPLaY** menu to **n**. To be able to change these values, set **SetPtS** menu in the **dSPLaY** menu to **y**.

## Display Selection (dSPLAy)

The display (**dSPLAy**) menu is used to remove menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. This feature is useful for eliminating unused menu titles from the menu scroll, making it impossible to perform certain functions, and making the display automatically toggle between rate and total.

For instance, the user may want to eliminate certain unused menu titles from the scroll that do not relate to a particular application such as those relating to flow totalization. The **dSPLAy** menu could be used to eliminate the **rSEt t** (reset total) and the **dSPy t** (display total) and thus streamline the menu.

A supervisor may want to make it impossible for an operator to perform certain functions, but still allow himself to do them without having to remember passwords or remove a hard-to-get-at jumper. For instance, a supervisor could program the meter with the batch presets he wants and disable the **SEtPtS** menu, thus making it impossible for a user to change the batch presets by using the **dSPLAy** menu. When the supervisor wants to change the batch presets, he can re-activate the **SEtPtS** menu and make his changes. Or a supervisor may want to make it impossible for an operator to reset the total via the front panel, but still allow himself to do it easily. This can be accomplished by removing the **rSEt t** (reset total) menu title from the menu scroll, thus making it impossible to reset the total via the front panel and then re-activating it when he wants to reset the total.

Finally the user may want to make the display automatically toggle between rate and total. This can be accomplished by setting both and **dspy t** (display rate and display total) menus to **n** (no), as described below.

With the lockout jumper in place, the menu titles **dspy r**, **dspy t**, **rset t**, **dspy p**, **setpts**, **dsply**, and, **output** can still be accessed. The 4-20 mA output calibration points can be viewed, but cannot be modified.



Figure 18. Menu Titles Excluded with Display Menu

SetPtS menu title always appears. Ability to change values may be restricted.

#### Notes:

1. User may program which of these routine titles are active during operation and which ones are not. See below for instructions.
2. Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.
3. With the lockout jumper in place, the **SEtPtS** menu still appears. To program it so the set points, reset points or presets can only be viewed and not changed, it is necessary to set the **SEtPtS** menu in the **dSPly** menu to **n**. To be able to change these values, set **SEtPtS** menu in the **dSPly** menu to **y**.

## Include or Exclude Menu Titles from Menu Scroll

<p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>Dsplay</b> (display) function appears. The meter will now scroll through the various menu titles that can be included or excluded. To program a menu title, press <b>ENTER</b> when it appears.</p>		<p><b>Dsplay</b></p>
<p><b>Set menu scroll to include/exclude display rate</b>  <b>Dsplay r</b> (display rate) will appear for 3 seconds. Press <b>ENTER</b> to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<p><b>Dsplay r</b></p>	
<p><b>Y</b> or <b>N</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include <b>Dsplay r</b> in menu scroll, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>y</b> is displayed. To exclude it, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> is displayed.</p>	<p><b>Y or n</b></p>	
<p><b>Set menu scroll to include/exclude display total</b>  <b>Dsplay t</b> (display total) will appear for 3 seconds. Press <b>ENTER</b> to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<p><b>Dsplay t</b></p>	
<p><b>Y</b> or <b>N</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include <b>Dsplay r</b> in menu scroll, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>y</b> is displayed. To exclude it, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> is displayed.</p>	<p><b>y or n</b></p>	
<p><b>Set menu scroll to include/exclude reset total</b>  <b>Rset t</b> (reset total) will appear for 3 seconds. Press <b>ENTER</b> to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<p><b>Rset t</b></p>	
<p><b>Y</b> or <b>N</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include <b>Dsplay r</b> in menu scroll, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>y</b> is displayed. To exclude it, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> is displayed.</p>	<p><b>y or n</b></p>	
<p><b>Set menu to include/exclude display peak</b>  <b>dsplay p</b> (display peak) will appear for 3 seconds. Press <b>ENTER</b> to set it. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<p><b>Dsplay p</b></p>	
<p><b>Y</b> or <b>N</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include <b>Dsplay r</b> in menu scroll, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>y</b> is displayed. To exclude it, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> is displayed.</p>	<p><b>y or n</b></p>	

<p align="center"><b>Set menu scroll to include/exclude set points SEtPtS</b></p> <p><b>SEtPtS</b> (set points) will appear for 3 seconds. Press <b>ENTER</b> to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.</p>	<p align="center"><b>SEtPtS</b></p>
<p><b>Y</b> or <b>N</b> (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include <b>SEtPtS</b> in menu scroll, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>y</b> is displayed. To exclude it, press <b>ENTER</b> when <b>n</b> is displayed.</p>	<p align="center"><b>Y or n</b></p>

### Notes:

1. Select **n** for both **dSPy r** and **dSPy t** to program display to toggle between rate and total every 10 seconds.
2. Selecting **y** for **SEtPtS** will allow an operator to view and change set/reset points and presets even with the lockout jumper in place.
3. Selecting **n** for **SEtPtS** will still allow an operator to view set/reset points and presets, but not to make changes.
4. Total can be reset with an external push-button even if **rSEt t** is set to **n**.

### Alternating Display

Display may be programmed to toggle between rate and total every 10 seconds. The alternating display feature is programmed, by selecting **n** for both **dSPy r** and **dSPy t**, under Display Selection (**dSPly**) menu.

**NOTE:** Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.

***Lockout jumper must be installed to see alternating display or any other display selection made.***

## OPERATION

### Overview

This instrument is a frequency input meter with flow rate, totalizer, and batch control capabilities housed in a 1/8 DIN high-impact plastic enclosure with a NEMA 4X front. It accepts pulse or square wave 0-5 V or 0-12 V, TTL; open collector, and switch contact closure signals; and displays these signals in engineering units on a 0.56" high 4½ digit LED display. The meter also provides one isolated 12 VDC or 24 VDC power supply to drive either the input or output loops. Options include up to 4 relays for alarms or batch controlling as well as an isolated 4-20 mA transmitter output.

The front panel of the meter consists of six 0.56" high seven-segment LEDs as well as nine programming/operational LEDs. The programming/operational LEDs provide the following indication:

LED	During Programming:	During Operation:
1	Alarm 1	Alarm 1
2	Alarm 2	Alarm 2
3	Alarm 3	Alarm 3
4	Alarm 4	Alarm 4
S	Set point Indicator	None
R	Reset point Indicator	None
4	4 mA Output Indicator	None
20	20 mA Output Indicator	None
R	Rate Indicator	Rate

The four alarm status LEDs indicate alarm condition only and do not represent relay status when set points are set up for non-latching relay mode. For instance, if alarm 1 is programmed for a high alarm at 500 with manual reset of the relays and the operator resets the relays when the display reads 650, the #1 LED will stay on until the display falls below 500.

Set points set up for latching relay mode will reflect the status of the LEDs, regardless of the status of the alarm condition. For instance, when a latching relay is acknowledged the corresponding status LED will extinguish.

## Two Types of Display: Rate and Total

The meter has the capability to display both rate and total. The operator may toggle back and forth between flow rate and total automatically or manually. When the meter is displaying rate, an LED labeled **R** on the right side of the front panel, illuminates to indicate this. There is no loss of data while performing any of the programming or calibration operations; the meter continues working in the background even when values are being reprogrammed.

## Basic Meter Operation

### Overview

In its most basic form, the meter provides a digital display in engineering units of any frequency input signal. As a standard feature, the AC powered meters provide the power to drive either the input or the 4-20 mA output transmitter option.

### ENTER and ACK Button Operation

In addition to programming the meter, the **ENTER** button is also used to operate the meter.

The **ACK** button is used to acknowledge the relays during operation and to quit main menu scroll during programming, diagnostic menu, and calibration.

The **ENTER** button performs the following operations with lockout jumper installed:

Function Displayed		Definition
<b>DSPy r</b>	Display Rate	Sets the rate as the default display
<b>DSPy t</b>	Display Total	Sets the total as the default display
<b>RSEt t</b>	Reset Total	Resets the totalizer to zero.
<b>DSPy P</b>	Display Peak	Displays the highest rate value captured
<b>Rset P</b>	Reset Peak	Erases peak value from memory and captures a new reading
<b>Dsplay</b>	Display Selection	Activates or de-activates display functions
<b>DIA9</b>	Diagnostic	Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes.

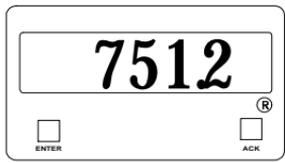
## Display Peak & Reset Peak Operation (DSPy P & Rset P)

The meter captures the highest rate reading and displays it through the **dsPy p** (display peak) function. The peak value may be reset using the **rset p** (reset peak) function.

### Display Peak (Hold) Reading

Press <b>ENTER</b> , then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>DSPy P</b> (display peak) menu-title appears.	 	
<b>Meter displays peak reading</b> The meter is now displaying the peak reading as indicated by the flashing green R LED on the right side.		

### Reset Peak Reading

Press <b>ENTER</b> , then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>Rset P</b> (reset peak) menu-title appears.	 	
<b>Meter returns to displaying current value</b> The meter is now displaying the current value. The flashing green R LED on the right side has stopped flashing.		

### Note:

While in the **DSPy P** (display peak) mode, the meter continues capturing new peaks; but it does not respond to signals below the last peak value captured; it remains “locked” on the peak display reading. For instance, if while the meter is displaying a peak of 100, the input increases to 150, the new peak of 150 will be displayed. If the input falls down to 125 before the peak display is reset, the meter will continue displaying 150 as the peak reading.

## Rate Meter Operation

### Overview

The meter can also be used to display flow rate and is available with a low-flow cutoff feature. Totalizer functions can be excluded from the menu scroll through the **dspl ay** function, if the user is not interested in total display.

### Display Rate (dSPy r)

The user may toggle between a display of rate or total at any time. When displaying rate, the rate LED indicator will be illuminated. To change the display to rate:

<p><b>To change the display from reading total to rate</b></p> <p>Press <b>ENTER</b> to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>	
<p>When <b>dspy r</b> (display rate) appears, press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>	 
<p>The meter now displays rate and the green <b>R</b> LED on the right side is illuminated.</p>	

### Low-Flow Cutoff (CutoFF)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that any input below the cutoff point is always displayed as zero on the rate display.

In multi-point calibration/scaling, the total is based on the rate display; so, inputs below the low-flow cutoff value will not affect the totalizer.

In K-factor scaling, the totalizer ignores the low-flow cutoff; the totalizer counts every incoming pulse regardless of the rate display.

## Totalizer Operation

### Overview

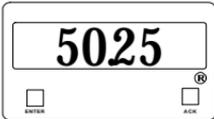
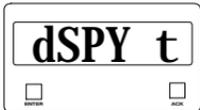
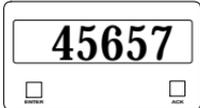
The total is displayed on a six-digit display that is capable of reading to 999,999. When the total exceeds 999,999, the display rolls over and begins counting from zero again without losing counts. The total can be reset at any time via the front panel, via an external switch closure, or when the meter reaches the highest preset value.

In multi-point calibration/scaling, the meter calculates the total based on rate display and field programmable total conversion factor to display total in engineering units. Time base must be selected according to time units in which rate is displayed.

In K-factor scaling, the meter calculates the total based on the input pulses, K-factor value, and total conversion factor.

### Display Total (dSPy t)

The user may toggle between a display of rate or total at any time. When displaying rate, the rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

<p><b>To change the display from reading rate to total</b></p> <p>The meter is now displaying rate, as indicated by the green "R" LED illuminated on the right side of the display. Press <b>ENTER</b> to begin scrolling through the functions.</p>		
<p>When <b>dspy t</b> (display total) appears, press <b>ENTER</b>.</p>		
<p>The meter now displays total.</p>		

### Total Conversion Factor (tot CF) and Time Base (t bASE)

The total conversion factor is a number that is multiplied by the rate to compute the total. Time bases are available in second, minute, and hour.

### Applications Using Conversion Factor and Time Base

The following tables illustrate the effect various total conversion factors and time bases have on the operation of the meter:

#### Application 1

Rate	Time Base	Total Conv. Factor	Total after one second	Total after one minute	Total after one hour	Total after one day
60 GPM	min	1	1 gallon	60 gallons	360 gallons	8640 gallons

In the above application, a total conversion factor of 1 with a rate of 60 GPM results in a total of 60 gallons after 1 minute.

#### Application 2

Rate	Time Base	Total Conv. Factor	Total after one second	Total after one minute	Total after one hour	Total after one day
60 GPM	min	0.2	0.2 can	12 cans	720 cans	17280 cans

In the above application, 5 gallon paint cans are being filled and the user wants to keep track of the number of cans that have been filled, not the total gallons of paint that has been dispensed.

## Totalizer Reset

The totalizer may be reset in any of three ways:

1. Via the front panel **ENTER** button
2. External contact closure
3. Automatically via highest preset value

### Resetting Total Using the ENTER Button

<p>Press <b>ENTER</b>, then press <b>ENTER</b> again when the <b>RSEt t</b> (reset total) function appears. After <b>ENTER</b> is pressed, the total display resets to zero.</p>		<table border="1"><tr><td><b>87652.0</b></td></tr><tr><td>then</td></tr><tr><td><b>RSEt t</b></td></tr><tr><td>then</td></tr><tr><td><b>0.0</b></td></tr></table>	<b>87652.0</b>	then	<b>RSEt t</b>	then	<b>0.0</b>
<b>87652.0</b>							
then							
<b>RSEt t</b>							
then							
<b>0.0</b>							

### Resetting Total via External Contact Closure

The total may be reset at any time by closing a normally open push-button switch that is wired across terminals R and CM located on the Main PCB connector. See Figure 9 on page 24 for details. Note that this switch is still functional even if reset total function has been removed from the menu scroll.

### Resetting Total Automatically via User Selectable Preset

The meter can also be programmed so the total automatically resets when the total reaches a user selectable preset value.

**Note:** It is possible to exclude the reset total function from the menu scroll. See Display Selection (**dSPLAY**), page 60 for details.

## Relays Operation

### Overview

The relay capabilities of the meter expand its usefulness beyond simple indication to provide users with alarm and control functions. These capabilities include front panel alarm status LEDs as well as either 2 or 4 optional relays. There are four basic ways the relays can be used:

1. High or Low Alarms
2. Simple On/Off Control with 100% Adjustable Deadband
3. Automatic Batch Control
4. Manual Batch Control

### Relays Auto Initialization

When power is applied to the meter, the front panel LEDs and alarm relays will reflect the state of the input to the meter. For instance, when meter is powered up, the following table indicates how the alarm LEDs and relays will react based on the various set and reset points:

Alarm #	HI or LO	Set point	Reset point	Power-up reading	Relay & LED
1	HI	1000	500	499	Off
2	LO	700	900	500	On
3	LO	250	400	500	Off
4	HI	450	200	500	On

### Fail-Safe Operation

The following table indicates how the relays behave based on Jumper J5 being installed or not installed:

Jumper J2 on Options PCB	Fail-safe	Relay coils energized in	Power failure
On	Enabled	Non-alarm state	Relays go to alarm state
Off	Disabled	Alarm state	Relays go to non-alarm state

## Front Panel LEDs

The LEDs on the front panel provide status for the following:

LED	Status
S	Set point Indicator
R	Reset point Indicator
4	4 mA indicator
20	20 mA indicator
R	Rate indicator

LED	Status
1	Alarm 1
2	Alarm 2
3	Alarm 3
4	Alarm 4

The meter is supplied with four alarm points that include front panel LEDs to indicate alarm conditions. This standard feature is particularly useful for alarm applications that require visual-only indication. The front panel LEDs are controlled by the set and reset points programmed by the user. When the display passes a set point for a particular alarm, that alarm's LED will light up. When the meter passes back through that alarm's reset point the LED will go off. The front panel LEDs respond differently for latching and non-latching relays.

For non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay.

For latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflect the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition. The following tables illustrate how the alarm LEDs function in relation to the relays and the acknowledge button:

## Latching and Non-Latching Relay Operation

Rate relays can be set up for latching or non-latching operation.

### Relay key legend for following tables

Key	Relay condition
On	Tripped
Off	Reset
Ack	Acknowledged

The On and Off keys do not refer to the status of the relay's coil, which depends on the fail-safe mode selected.

## Non-Latching Relay

### Automatic reset only JP3(1-4 off)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack (No effect)	On	On
Normal	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic reset and non-latching relay. Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm finally goes away, the relay automatically resets and the LED also goes off.

### Automatic + manual reset at any time JP3(1-4 on)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Normal	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic and manual reset at any time and non-latching relay. The LED and the relay automatically reset when the meter returned to the normal condition.

### Automatic + manual reset at any time JP3(1-4 on)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack	On	Off
Normal	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is also set up for automatic and manual reset at any time. But this time, an operator acknowledges the alarm manually while it still exists. This causes the relay to reset, but the LED stays on until the meter returns to the normal condition.

Remember, for non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay.

## Latching Relay

### Manual reset only after signal passes reset point JP3(1-4 off)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack (No effect)	On	On
Normal	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point of the latching relay. Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state, the LED and the relay go off. Notice that the LED remained on, even after the meter returned to the normal condition. This is because, for latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflect the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition.

### Manual reset only after signal passes reset point JP3(1-4 off)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Normal	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point of the latching relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state, the LED and the relay go off.

### Manual reset any time JP3(1-4 on)

Condition	LED	Relay
Normal	Off	Off
Alarm	On	On
Ack	Off	Off

In this application, the meter is set up for Manual reset at any time. Acknowledging the alarm even if the alarm condition is still present resets the relay and turns off the LED.

## Acknowledging Relays

There are two ways to acknowledge relays programmed for manual reset: via the front panel ACK button and remotely via a switch wired across AK and CM terminals on the Main PCB. When the ACK button or a switch wired across the AK and CM terminals is closed, all relays programmed for manual reset will reset.

The total display is not affected by this action and therefore pressing the ACK button or closing the acknowledge switch will not reset the total.

## Delay on Release (delay)

The meter can be programmed so that when the highest preset value is reached the total automatically resets to zero (Automatic Batch Control). A delay on release can be programmed to reset the total relays after the delay has elapsed. The delay can be programmed between 1 and 999 seconds.

Example: Under the **setup** menu, relay 1 and 2 are assigned to total, **OFFSET** is not selected, internal total reset (**I**) is selected and a **delay** of 60 seconds is programmed. Under **SEtPtS** menu, the preset values are programmed as follows:

**Set 1** (preset 1): 1000

**Set 2** (preset 2): 2000

When the total reaches 1000, relay 1 transfers. The total keeps increasing until it reaches 2000; at that moment, relay 2 transfers, the total resets to zero automatically, delay on released starts. Then 60 seconds later relays 1 and 2 reset automatically and are ready to start a new batch.

## Priority Batch Programming or Quick Presets

For some batch control applications it may be necessary to change the presets frequently. The meter has a Quick Preset change feature that allows all presets to be changed without entering the programming routine.

To change presets without entering the programming routine press and hold the **ENTER** button for more than 3 seconds. The meter will go immediately to the first preset; the user can now program all presets. After the last preset has been programmed the meter returns to reading the rate or total.

## Switching Inductive Loads

The meter has the ability to suppress electrical noise generated by switching inductive loads. However installing resistor-capacitor (RC) networks improves performance and prolongs the life of the meter's relay contacts. This suppression can be obtained with RC networks assembled by the user or purchased as complete assemblies. Refer to the following circuits for RC network assembly and installation:

### Switching AC and DC Loads

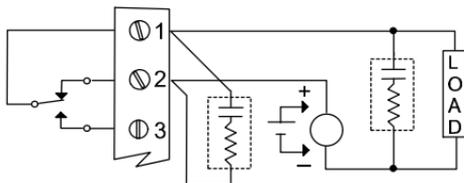


Figure 19. AC and DC Loads Protection

### Choose R and C as follows

R: 0.5 to 1  $\Omega$  for each volt across the contacts

C: 0.5 to 1  $\mu\text{F}$  for each amp through closed contacts

### Notes:

1. Use capacitors rated for 240 VAC.
2. RC networks may affect load release time of solenoid loads, check to confirm proper operation.
3. Install the RC network at the meter's relay screw terminals. An RC network may also be installed across the load. Experiment for best results.

### Switching Low Voltage DC Loads

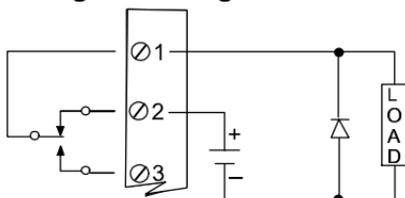


Figure 20. Low Voltage DC Loads Protection

Use a diode with a reverse breakdown voltage two to three times the circuit voltage and forward current at least as large as the load current.

## Lockout and Display Selection Operation

### Overview

The meter provides the user with the ability to restrict modification of programming values and to exclude menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. Restricting modification of the programming values is accomplished by installing the lockout jumper (JP2). Excluding menu titles from the menu scroll is performed with the display menu.

## Low Voltage Detector

The meter has a circuit, which monitors the line voltage. To protect against data loss the meter will shut down, after saving the total, when the voltage falls below specifications.

At power up the display normally flashes a test display of **188888** for a few seconds. If the line voltage is below specifications the meter will flash **18888L** until the problem is corrected.

## Diagnostic (dIA9) Feature

### Overview

The diagnostic menu in the meter provides an easy way to view and write down the parameter settings. The information gathered through the diagnostic menu will be helpful to determine if a wrong setting is causing the operation of the meter to be undesirable.

### Operation

When the diagnostic menu is entered, the function and programmed parameters setting will be displayed one at a time. Press **ENTER** to step through the functions and settings. If **ENTER** is not pressed within 10 seconds, the display will move to the next function or setting. To exit the diagnostic menu press the **ACK** button at any time.

## OPTION CARD REMOVAL & INSTALLATION

Meter options are installed at the factory. To disable relays' fail-safe operation, it is necessary to remove the PCBs from the case. Refer to the following instructions and illustrations.

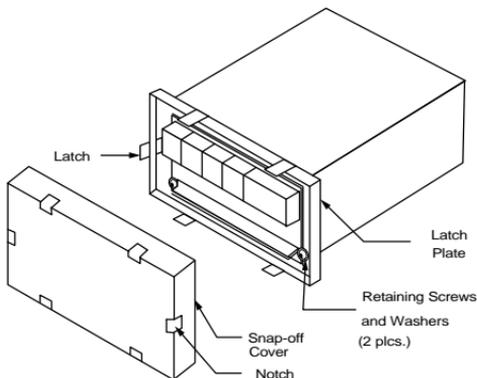


**Disconnect power prior to performing the following operations.**

The meter's snap-off cover is held in place by 6 latches that snap into notches on the snap-off cover. To remove the snap-off cover from the meter, grasp it firmly on its top and bottom edges and pull it forward. The latch plate remains around the meter's case.

### To remove the circuit board from the case:

1. Unscrew the retaining screws holding the circuit to the case.
2. Remove the screw terminal connectors at the rear of the meter.
3. Push the boards through the case by applying pressure to the circuit boards at the rear of the meter. Apply pressure evenly to both boards.
4. Do not apply pressure to the vertical display board.



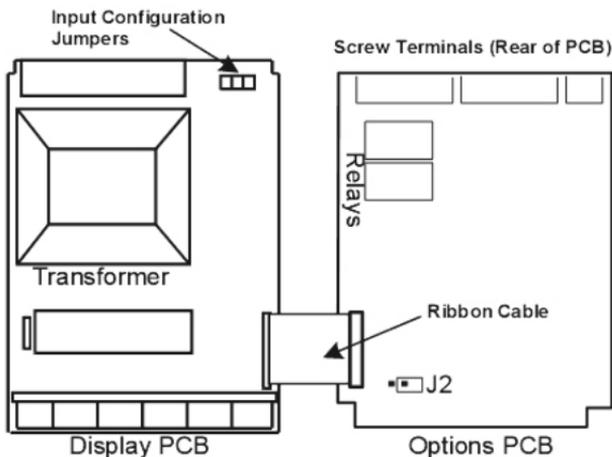
**Figure 21. Front Cover Removal**

5. Configure fail-safe jumper on Options PCB as required. Remove J2 jumper to disable fail-safe operation.
6. To avoid electric shock, re-install the circuit boards in the case prior to applying power.

All programming and calibrating can be performed with the circuit boards in the case.

**To re-install the meter in its case:**

1. Fold the Options PCB over the Main PCB, grasp both boards so the Main PCB is on the bottom and the two PCBs are separated by about an inch.
2. Insert the two boards together into the case. Be sure both the top and bottom boards engage in the rails, which hold them in place.
3. Do not press on the Display PCB when seating the assembly in the case.
4. Install washers and retaining screws in 4 corners of meter and install front cover.

**Figure 22. Option Card Installation**

## PROGRAMMED PARAMETER SETTINGS

The following table shows the factory setting for most of the programmable parameters on the meter. Next to the factory setting, record the new setting for the particular application.

Model: \_\_\_\_\_ S/N: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Parameter	Display	Factory Setting	User Setting
Input range		0-30,000 Hz	
Type of signal		0-12V square wave pulse	
Calibration mode	<b>FACTOR</b>	1.000	
Filter	<b>HI Spd</b>	High speed filter	
Total dec. point		<b>999999</b>	
Rate decimal point		<b>29999</b>	
Cutoff value	<b>CutOFF</b>	<b>- 19999</b>	
Time base	<b>SEC</b>	Second	
Low gate	<b>L0</b>	<b>10</b>	
High gate	<b>HI</b>	<b>30</b>	
Total conv. factor	<b>tot CF</b>	<b>1000</b>	
Set point setup	<b>Set 1</b>	<b>Total</b>	
	<b>Set 2</b>	<b>Total</b>	
	<b>Set 3</b>	<b>Rate</b>	
Latching relay	<b>latCH</b>	Non-latching	

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Display</b>	<b>Factory Setting</b>	<b>User Setting</b>
	<b>Set 4</b>	<b>Rate</b>	
Latching relay	<b>lAtCH</b>	Non-latching	
Total reset mode	<b>e rst</b>	External total reset	
Set point	<b>Set 1</b>	<b>1000</b>	
	<b>Set 2</b>	<b>4000</b>	
	<b>Set 3</b>	<b>7000</b>	
	(Reset 3)	<b>6000</b>	
	<b>Set 4</b>	<b>9000</b>	
	(Reset 4)	<b>8000</b>	
4-20 mA out	(4 mA)	<b>00000</b>	
	(20 mA)	<b>10000</b>	
Display selection	<b>dSPy r</b>	Yes	
	<b>dSPy t</b>	Yes	
	<b>rSEt t</b>	Yes	
	<b>dspy p</b>	Yes	
	<b>setpts</b>	No	

**User Set point Setup and Programming Table**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Display</b>	<b>User Setting</b>
Set point 1	<b>SET 1</b>	
	<b>latCH</b>	
Set point 2	<b>SET 2</b>	
	<b>latCH</b>	
	<b>OFFSEt</b>	
Set point 3	<b>SET 3</b>	
	<b>latCH</b>	
	<b>OFFSEt</b>	
Set point 4	<b>SET 4</b>	
	<b>latCH</b>	
	<b>OFFSEt</b>	
Total reset mode	<b>I or E</b>	
Delay on release	<b>delay</b>	
Set point 1	<b>Set 1</b>	
Reset point 1	(Reset 1)	
Set point 2	<b>Set 2</b>	
Reset point 2	(Reset 2)	
Set point 3	<b>Set 3</b>	
Reset point 3	(Reset 3)	
Set point 4	<b>Set 4</b>	
Reset point 4	(Reset 4)	

## MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

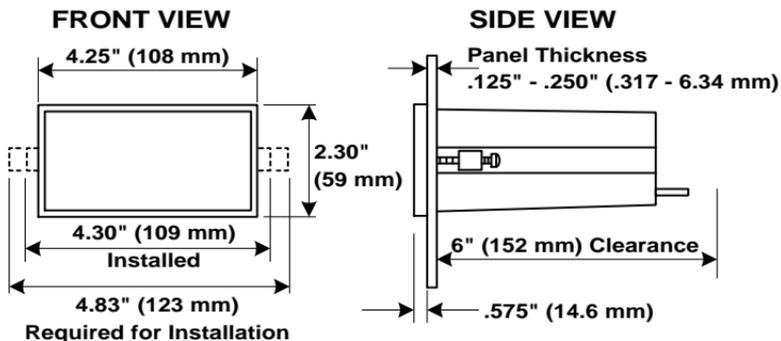


Figure 23. Mounting Dimensions

### Notes:

1. Panel cutout required: 1.772" x 3.622" (45 mm x 92 mm) 1/8 DIN
2. Panel thickness: 0.125" - 0.250" (3.17 mm - 6.34 mm)
3. Allow 6 inches (152 mm) behind the panel
4. Approximate weight: 16 oz (454g); basic model, no options.

# **NOTES**



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