

solid state contactors



User Manual



7100S SMART CONTROLLERS

SINGLE-PHASE INDUSTRIAL SOLID STATE CONTACTORS

7000 series

User Manual

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ii 7100S User Manual

CONTENTS

	Page
European d	lirectives and applicable standardsiv
Commissio	ning flowchartvi
Chapter 1	Solid state contactor identification1-1
Chapter 2	Installation
Chapter 3	Operation (Firing, Alarms)
Chapter 4	Commissioning and Maintenance4-1
Index	
Eurotherm	business group addresses6-1

PURPOSE OF MANUAL

This manual (Issue 3.1) describes the Basic Version and all options for 7100S series solid state contactors with current ratings of up to 250 A.

General information about the digital communication option is presented in the technical specifications (section 1).

The operation of 7100S units with this option and the operation of the digital communication are described in the '7000 Series. Digital Communication' manual (part number HA176664ENG).

7100S User Manual iii

EUROPEAN DIRECTIVES AND APPLICABLE STANDARDS

COMPLIANCE WITH PRODUCT STANDARD

7100S products comply with the terms of product standard EN 60947-4-3

'Contactors and motor-starters - AC semiconductor controllers and contactors for nonmotor loads'. The number of this standard is indicated on the front panel label.

CE LABELLING

7100S products, installed and used in accordance with their user manual, bear CE labelling to indicate compliance with the essential requirements of:

- the European Low Voltage Directive 73/23 EEC dated 19 February 1973 amended by 93/68 EEC dated 22 July 1993
- the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 89/336/EEC dated 3 March 1969 amended by 92/31/EEC dated 28 April 1992 and 93/68/EEC dated 22 July 1993.

SAFFTY

The units have IP20 protection rating as defined by standard IEC 60529. External wiring must comply with standards IEC 60364-4-43 and IEC 60943. Copper cables and conductors rated to a temperature of 75°C (167°F) must be used.

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) TEST STANDARDS

7100S products installed and used in accordance with the user manual, are designed for an industrial environment and must not be used in the home.

IMMUNITY

The EMC immunity test standards required by product standard EN 60947-4-3 are given in table 1.

Test type	Minimum levels	EMC test standard
Electrostatic discharge	4 kV on contact; 8 kV in air	EN 61000-4-2
Radiated, radio frequency electromagnetic field	$10~V/m~80~MHz \le f \le 1~GHz;$ $80\%~modulation~1~kHz~sinusoidal$	EN 61000-4-3
Electrical fast transient / burst	2 kV / 5 kHz	EN 61000-4-4
Electrical surge	4 kV line to earth; 2 kV line to line	EN 61000-4-5
Conducted disturbances	140 dB μ V; 150 kHz \leq f \leq 80 MHz	EN 61000-4-6
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variation	5 s interruptions	EN 61000-4-11

Table 1 EMC immunity standards compliance

iv 7100S User Manual

EMISSIONS

The EMC emissions test standards required by product standard $\,$ EN 60947-4-3 are given in table 2.

Emission type	Firing mode	EMC test standard
Radiated, radio frequency	All firing modes	CISPR 11 Class A
Conducted, radio frequency	'Burst mode' and 'Single-cycle'	CISPR 11 Class A Group 2
	'Phase angle' (Product compliant if external series filter fitted)	2-1-12

Table 2 EMC emissions standards compliance

EMC GUIDE

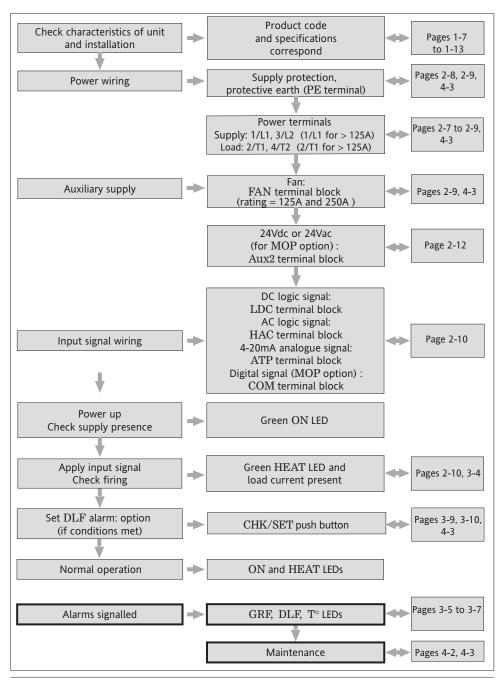
To help you deal with installation-dependent electromagnetic interference effects, Eurotherm provides an 'Electromagnetic compatibility' installation guide (ref. HA025464) which sets out best current practice regarding EMC.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

A CE declaration of conformity is available on request.

7100S User Manual v

COMMISSIONING FLOWCHART



vi 7100S User Manual

Chapter 1

SOLID STATE CONTACTOR IDENTIFICATION

Contents	Page
General presentation	.1-2
Basic version	.1-2
Versions with options	.1-3
Technical specifications	.1-7
Coding	.1-12
Example code	.1-14
Identification label	

7100S User Manual 1-1

Chapter 1 IDENTIFICATION

GENERAL PRESENTATION

7100S series solid state contactors are used to control the **electrical power** of single phase industrial loads. The load controlled may comprise **low** temperature coefficient resistive loads or short wave infrared (**SWIR**) elements.

Current ratings vary from 16~A to 250~A (see coding), at voltages of 100~V to 500~V. 7100S series power thyristor units (rating of up to 100~A) comprise two channels, one controlled by thyristors and one direct internal channel.

7100S units rated 125 A and above only comprise a single controlled channel.

BASIC VERSION (without options)

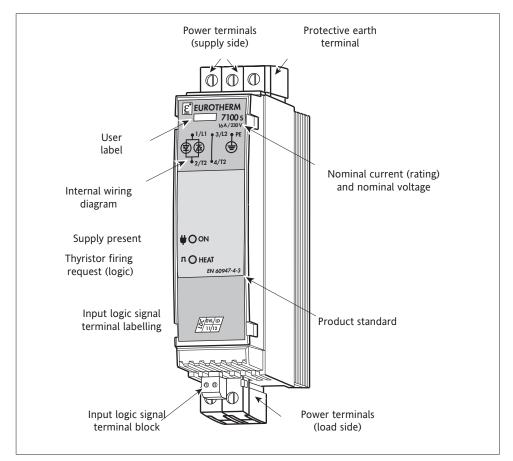


Figure 1-1 General view of 7100S, Basic version (here with DC logic input, 16 A rating)

1-2 7100S User Manual

VERSIONS WITH OPTIONS

The figures below show general views of 7100S units (100 and 250 A versions) with Alarms or Communication options and with various input types.

The diagrams indicate the power and command terminals, terminal block labels, indicators and settings push button.

Options (alarms)

Figure 1-2 shows a general view of the 7100S with GRF (serious alarms) and DLF (Diagnostic Load Failure alarm) options.

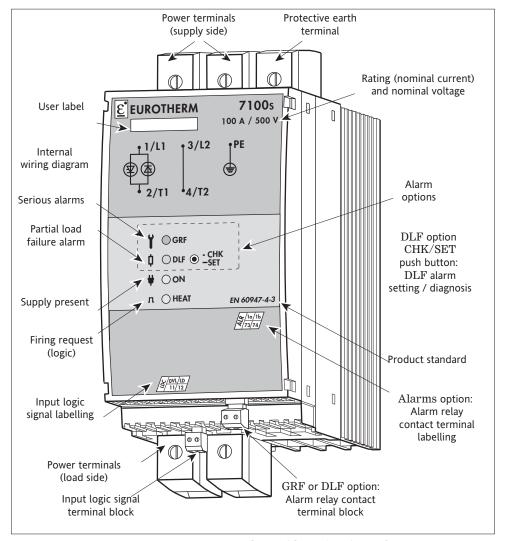


Figure 1-2 General view of 7100S with DLF option (here with 100 A rating and DC logic input)

7100S User Manual

Figure 1-3 shows a general view of a fan-cooled 7100S unit with alarms.

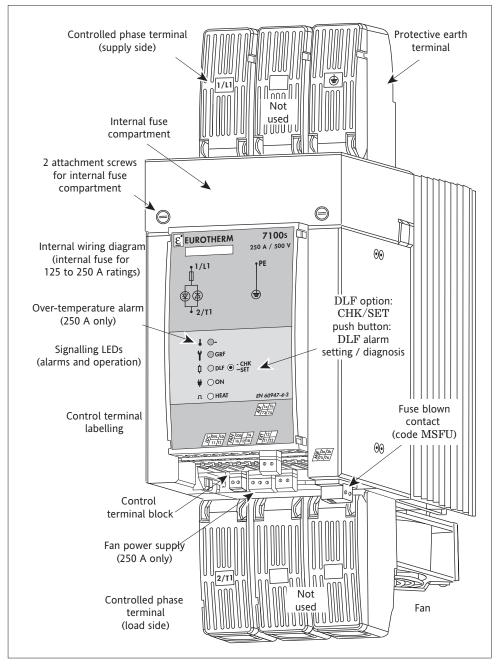


Figure 1-3 General view of 7100S, 250 A rating (here with DLF, DC logic input, 230V fan power supply)

1-4 7100S User Manual

Version with digital communication option

Digital communication (RS485 bus) provides 7100S solid state contactors with digital control and retransmission of various values and operating parameters (the DLF option is required to transmit the load current).

The operation of the digital communication option is described in the manual '7000 Series. Digital Communication' (part number HA176664ENG).

Figure 1-4 shows the general view of a 7100S unit with the digital communication option.

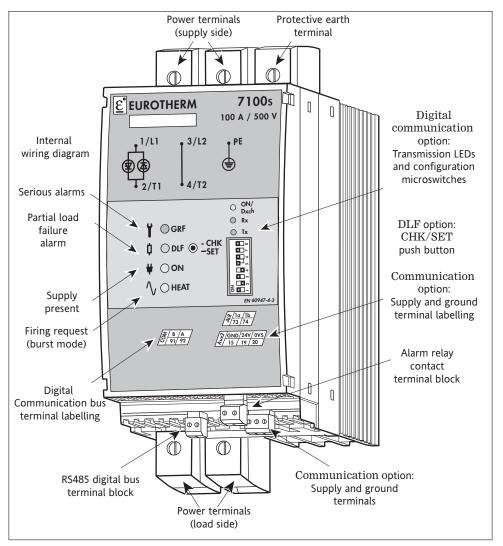


Figure 1-4 General view of 7100S with DLF and communication options (here with 100 A rating)

7100S User Manual

1-6 7100S User Manual

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

USE

In accordance with product standard EN 60947-4-3:

Devices for continuous duty:

1. Semiconductor contactor variant 5:

Logic input signal:

• DC (LDC input) or

• AC (HAC input). 2. Thyristor unit variant 4:

4-20 mA analogue input signal (ATP input)

or digital communication option.

Configuration as product code.

POWER

Nominal current

Nominal voltage

16 A to 250 A (at 45°C) depending on product code

(see coding).

100 V to 500 V (+10% and -15%) available depending on

product code.

Frequency Dissipated power Cooling Use from 47 to 63 Hz (automatic matching) typical 1.3 W per amp (2 W max., fuses included) Natural convection (ratings up to 200 A) or Fan (ratings over 250 A); consumption 10 VA (115 V or 230 V external power supply).

LOAD

Categories of use

The categories of use applicable for each unit are indicated on the identification label.

- AC-51 Non-inductive or low inductance loads, furnace resistances (resistive load with low temperature coefficient).
- AC-55b Switching of incandescent lamps, short wave infrared elements (SWIR).

FIRING MODES

Thyristor switching

At thyristor voltage zero crossing.

'Logic' mode

DC signal applied to LDC input AC signal applied to HAC input

'Burst' mode

Supply voltage modulated by analogue signal applied to ATP input

(Analogue to Time Proportional). Firing base time: approx. 15 cycles

With 'Digital Communication' option

Firing base time:

- 1 half-cycle ('Advanced single-cycle' mode)
- 1 cycle ('Single-cycle' mode)
- 16 or 64 cycles ('Burst mode').

7100S User Manual

CONTROL

Power supply Self-powered electronics.

'Logic' firing:

•DC signal Conducting from 4.5 Vdc to 32 Vdc max, current ≥ 9 mA.

(LDC input) Off < 1.5 V or < 0.1 mA.

Typical response time ≤ 10 ms.

• AC signal Conducting from 85 to 253 Vac max. Impedance $\approx 7 \text{ k}\Omega$ at 50 Hz.

(HAC input) Off < 10 Vac.

Typical response time ≤ 60 ms.

If an RC snubber contact protection circuit or control optotriac is used, the maximum capacitor value is 22 nF

for 240 Vac

'Burst mode' firing:

• Analogue signal 4 - 20 mA (10 Vdc max).

(ATP input) Modulation depending on analogue signal.

• Digital signals Digital communication option

(COM input) Modbus® protocol.

CONTROL

Control type ATP input only:

Open loop, no compensation of supply voltage variations.

Digital communication option:

Supply voltage compensation operates for variations of

up to $\pm 20\%$ of nominal voltage, using V^2 control

Linearity and Stability Better than $\pm 2\%$ of full scale on sinusoidal supply.

SIGNALLING

All versions

Supply present Green 'ON' LED.

Thyristor firing request Green 'HEAT' LED.

Alarm option Red LED (serious alarms) **GRF** and / or

Orange LED (**DLF** alarm).

Alarm relay contact.

Communication option

Front panel LEDs Green LED (power supply and exchange status) and

two Orange LEDs (Receive and Transmit data).

Communication bus Read and write operating parameters

(load current available with DLF option). Retransmission of all types of alarm.

1-8 7100S User Manual

ALARMS (Options)

GRF option

Serious alarms Total load failure (TLF) and thyristor short circuit (THSC)

detection.

Signalling When a serious alarm is detected:

• the red 'GRF' LED is lit

· the alarm relay contact is activated.

DLF option

Diagnostic alarm Partial load failure detection and diagnosis.

Important: For SWIR elements the DLF option applies:if the elements are powered at nominal voltage andin 'Single-cycle' mode only (available with digital

communication option or with Eurotherm REMIO/TPO synchronised interface).

Signalling If a partial load failure (PLF fault) is detected:

• the orange 'DLF' LED is lit

• the alarm relay contact is activated.

Settings The front panel push button is used for:

• monitoring and diagnosis

adjusting and resetting the alarm.

Sensitivity Detects the failure of at least one heating element for *six*

identical elements connected in parallel (one element in *four* for SWIR elements).

Extension The DLF option includes Serious alarm monitoring

(GRF option included).

Over-temperature alarm

Operation For all fan-cooled units (250 A), the unit stops firing if the

temperature threshold is exceeded regardless of the options

fitted.

Signalling Red 'T°' LED and Alarm relay contact

(if one of the alarm options is selected).

Alarm relay Fitted if one of the alarm options is selected.

The relay contact (0.25~A/230~Vac~or~30~Vdc) is either open on alarm or closed on alarm depending on the product code.

7100S User Manual

DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

Availability The digital communication option is exclusive with:

control using the logic or analogue input signal.

Protocol Modbus® RTU.

Compliance Communication complies with the specifications given in

'GOULD MODICON Protocol Reference Guide PI-MBUS-300 rev.J'.

Power supply 24 Vac ($\pm 20\%$), 47 to 63 Hz or

24 Vdc (±20%) non-polarised. Typical consumption 1.5 VA Protection: external 2 A fuse.

External wiring should comply with standard IEC 60364.

Transmission Standard RS485, 2 wires.

Speed: 9600 or 19200 baud.

Selected by switch on front panel. The speed is factory set to

correspond to the selected product code.

Termination The communication bus must have termination resistors fitted

at each end:

• one line impedance matching resistor.

• two RS485 bus polarisation resistors.

Address Adjustable between 1 and 127 using front panel switches

only. The physical address is factory configured to 32 by default.

Diagnostic • Green LED on front panel indicates power presence, waiting

for frames, communication established.

Two orange LEDs show the status of the communication bus

(transmission or reception).

Control Supply voltage compensation operates for variations up to $\pm 20\%$

of nominal voltage, using V² control

Parameters and

operating mode Read and write by digital communication

(see Digital communication manual, part No. HA176664ENG).

Firing base time

Configurable over communication link:

• 1 half-cycle ('Advanced single-cycle' mode)

• 1 cycle ('Single-cycle' mode)

• 16 or 64 cycles ('Burst mode').

The default base time is factory configured to 16 cycles.

1-10 7100S User Manual

PROTECTION

Thyristors

Co-ordination type for short circuits Electrical protection

Type 1 (quick-acting fuses).

IP20 without adding additional protection.

Varistors and RC snubbers.

Quick-acting fuses

(except for Short wave infrared elements):

• rating ≤ 100 A: external

• rating \geq 125 A: internal.

With MSFU code (selection corresponds to code):

- for external fuses, the fuse blown contact is wired directly on the fuse;
- for internal fuses, the contact (open after fuse blows) is accessible on the 'MSF' terminal block

Replacement fuses: see section 4.

ENVIRONMENT

Use 0 to 45°C at nominal current,

at maximum altitude of 1000 m.

Storage -10° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C.

 $\label{eq:solution} \begin{tabular}{ll} Isolation voltage $V_i = 500$ V_{rms} \\ Pollution & Degree 2 acceptable (defined by IEC 60664). \\ \end{tabular}$

Humidity RH 5% to 95%, non-condensing, non-streaming.
Over-voltage Over-voltage category II (as defined by IEC 60664)

 $V_{imp} = 4 \text{ kV}.$

Mounting Mounting

• rating $\leq 100 \text{ A}$:

attachment plate(s) fixed to unit:

- on symmetrical EN50022 DIN rail or
- bulkhead mounting.
- rating ≥ 125 A: bulkhead mounting only.

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

Rating	Height	Width (n	Width (mm)		Depth (mm)			Mass (kg)	
(A)	(mm)	Basic	Options	Basic	1 Option	2 Options	Basic	Options	
16	164	35	52.5	110	135	160	0.42	0.56	
25	164	35	52.5	140	165	190	0.56	0.7	
40	164	52.5	52.5	140	165	190	0.8	0.9	
63	164	70	70	160	185	210	1.3	1.45	
80-100	226	96	96	164	189	214	1.7	1.85	
125-200	424	144	144	285	285	372	5.1	5.6	
250	424	144	144	285	285	372	5.6	6.0	

Eurotherm's policy of continuous product improvement and development means that the specifications in this document may be modified without prior notice.

7100S User Manual

CODING

7100S Current / Voltage / Filter / Fan / Fuse / Input / Manual / Selected / options

Ratings and Basic selection

1. Nominal current	Code
16 amps	16A
25 amps	25A
40 amps	40A
63 amps	63A
80 amps	80A
100 amps	100A
125 amps	125A
160 amps	160A
200 amps	200A
250 amps	250A

2. Nominal voltage	Code
127 volts	127V
230 volts	230V
277 volts	277V
500 volts	500V

3. XXXX

4. Fan	Code
16A to 200A: no fan	XXXX
250A: fan • 115 V supply • 230 V supply	115V 230V

5. High speed fuse	Code
Thyristor protection fuse	
 without microswitch with microswitch (100 A: external fuse ≥ 125 A: internal fuse) 	FUSE MSFU
No fuse or control of short wave infrared elements	NONE

6. Input	Code
Modbus digital communication option (without logic or analogue input)	NONE
No communication. Logic firing: DC logic signal 4.5 Vdc to 32 Vdc	LDC
AC logic signal 85 Vac to 253 Vac <i>'Burst mode'</i> firing:	HAC
Analogue DC signal 4 mA to 20 mA	ATP

7. Manual language	Code
French	FRA
English	ENG
German	GER

8. Selected options	Code
No options <i>End</i> of code	NONE
Selection of options	YES

1-12 7100S User Manual

Alarm option Type / Load / Contact /

Communication Option Protocol / Transmission Speed

Certificate option

Options (Options selected: YES)

9. Alarm option	Code
Serious Alarms: Thyristor short-circuit, Total Load failure, (over-temperature for ≥ 250 A) Partial load failure	GRF
and Serious alarms	DLF
No alarms	NONE

12. Communication option	Code
Digital communication Modbus® protocol	МОР
No communication	NONE

10. Load type	Code
For DLF option :	
Resistive load with low temperature coefficient Short wave infrared elements	LTCL SWIR
Without DLF option	XXXX

13. Transmission speed	Code
Code MOP. Transmission speed: 9.6 kbaud 19.2 kbaud	9K6 19K2
Code NONE. No communication	XXXX

	11. Alarm relay contact	Code
	GRF or DLF option: Alarm relay contact	
١	 Closed on alarm 	NC
١	 Open on alarm 	NO
	Without alarm option	XX

14. Certification option	Code
Without certificate of 'Compliance with Order'	NONE
With certificate of 'Compliance with Order'	CFMC

7100S User Manual 1-13

EXAMPLE CODE

Nominal load current 100 amps.

Supply voltage 230 volts (EMC filter required).

Thyristor protection fuse Yes, with microswitch.

Firing and input 'Burst mode' with analogue signal.

Manual language English.

Option Serious alarms and 'Partial load failure' alarm. Load used Resistance with low temperature coefficient.

Alarm relay contact Open on alarm.

Digital communication No digital communication.

Certification Certificate of 'Compliance with order'

Corresponding product code:

7100S 100A/230V/FILT/XXXX/MSFU/ATP/ENG/YES/DLF/LTCL/NO/NONE/XXXX/CFMC

IDENTIFICATION LABEL

An identification label, giving full information about the characteristics of the unit and the product identification code, is affixed to the left hand side of the unit.

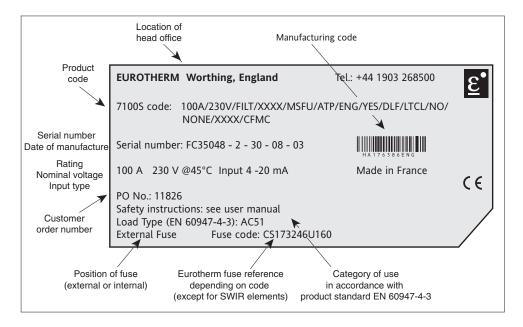


Figure 1-5 Typical identification label (corresponds to example code)

1-14 7100S User Manual

Chapter 2

INSTALLATION

Contents	Page
	0.0
Safety during installation	
Mounting	
Types of mounting	
Attachment plate	
Mounting on DIN rails	
Bulkhead mounting	
Wiring	
Power connections	
Wiring diagrams	2-8
16 Å to 100 A	
125 A to 250 A	2-9
Control connections	
Control signal	
Alarm relay contact (Alarm option)	
Internal fuse blown contact (125-250 A)	
Reference voltage (125-250 A)	
Connecting the digital communication	

7100S User Manual 2-1

Chapter 2 installation

SAFETY DURING INSTALLATION (MOUNTING AND WIRING)

Danger!



- 7100S solid state contactors must be installed and wired by qualified staff authorised to work on low voltage industrial electrical facilities.
- Units must be installed in a fan-cooled cabinet, to ensure that condensation and pollution are excluded. We recommend fitting fan-cooled cabinets with a fan failure detection device or a thermal safety cut-out.

The cabinet must be closed and connected to the protective earth according to IEC 364 or applicable national standards.

• Units must be mounted with the heatsink positioned vertically, and with no obstructions above or below the unit which could reduce or hamper air flow. If several units are fitted in the same cabinet, arrange them such that air from one unit is not drawn in by the unit above.

Leave a gap of at least 10 mm between two adjacent units.

Important!



• Nominal currents correspond to use at ambient temperatures of no more than 45°C. Overheating may cause incorrect operation and may even lead to components being damaged.

Danger!



• It is the user's responsibility to wire and protect the facility according to best practice and applicable standards.

A suitable device, ensuring that the unit can be electrically isolated from the supply, must be installed upline to enable work to be performed safely. Conductor cross-sections should comply with IEC 943.

Use only copper cables and wires designed for use at up to 75°C.

• Before connecting or disconnecting the unit check that power and control cables and leads are isolated from voltage sources.

The protective earth must be connected before any other connections are made and should be the last cable to be disconnected.

The protective earth connection terminal is marked with the symbol

Important!



• To ensure that 7100S solid state contactors comply with Electromagnetic Compatibility requirements, ensure that the panel or DIN rails to which they are attached is correctly grounded.

The ground connection, designed to ensure **ground continuity**, is not in any way a substitute for the protective earth connection.

2-2 7100S User Manual

MOUNTING

TYPES OF MOUNTING

Two types of mounting are possible:

- · DIN rail mounting or
- · bulkhead mounting with screws.

Current	DIN rail mo	ounting	Bulkhead mounting		
rating	Attachment DIN rails plate		Attachment plate	Screws	
16 A to 63 A	One vertical plate	One EN 50022 symmetric rail	One vertical plate	$2 \times M4$	
80 A and 100 A	A Two horizontal plates Two EN50022 symmetric rails		Two horizontal plates	4 × M4	
≥ 125 A	Not suitable		Two plates with keyhole-type holes	$4 \times M6$	

Table 2-1 Attachment details for both mounting types

Ratings 16 A to 100 A

Each attachment plate has:

- two fixed hooks and two mobile hooks for clipping to a DIN rail; the mobile hooks are moved using a catch and spring (figures 2-1 and 2-2)
- attachment holes for bulkhead mounting (figures 2-3 and 2-4).

For **DIN rail** mounting (figures 2-1 and 2-2):

- fix one symmetric DIN rail (rating 16 A to 63 A) or two rails (rating 80 A and 100 A), in accordance with the unit dimensions and safety recommendations
- place the unit against the top rail, engaging the two fixed hooks
- · push the unit against the rails
- clip the unit onto the bottom rail using the mobile hooks, ensuring that they are properly engaged.

To remove the unit:

- · move the mobile hooks downwards by pulling on the catch
- · unclip the unit from the rail.

Ratings 125 A to 250 A

For bulkhead mounting, two attachment plates are provided, each with two keyhole-type mounting holes to allow clearance for the heads of the M10 screws (figure 2-5).

7100S User Manual 2-3

MOUNTING ON DIN RAILS

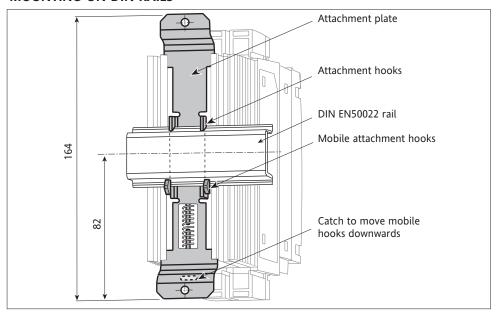


Figure 2-1 Attaching the 7100S solid state contactor to a DIN rail (16 A to 63 A, rear view)

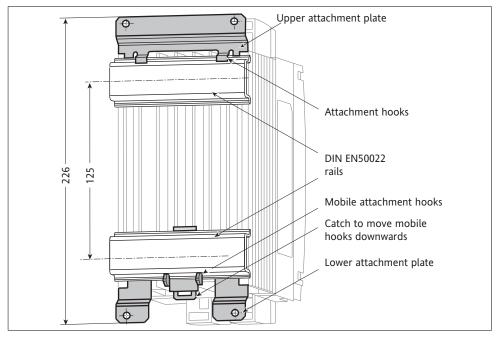


Figure 2-2 Attaching the 7100S solid state contactor to DIN rails (80 A and 100 A, rear view).

2-4 7100S User Manual

BULKHEAD MOUNTING

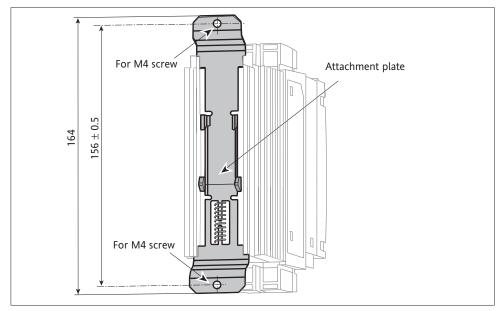


Figure 2-3 Mounting the unit using an attachment plate for bulkhead mounting (16 A to 63 A, rear view)

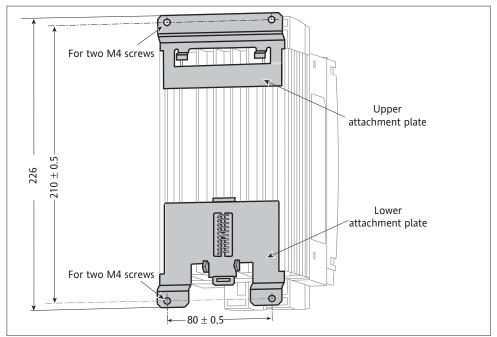


Figure 2-4 Mounting the unit using an attachment plate for bulkhead mounting (80 A and 100 A, rear view).

7100S User Manual 2-5

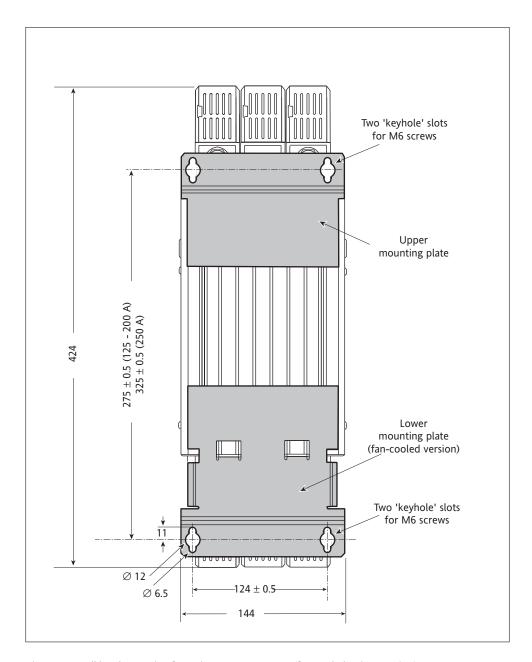


Figure 2-5 Bulkhead mounting for ratings 125 A to 250 A (fan-cooled unit, rear view).

2-6 7100S User Manual

WIRING

POWER CONNECTIONS

The protective earth terminal **PE** (marked with the earth symbol) must be wired to the protective earth (see section 'Safety during installation').

Ratings 16 A to 100 A

7100S units with current ratings of up to 100 A have:

- one channel controlled by thyristors
- an **internal** busbar for directly connecting the load to the power supply (**direct** channel, not controlled by thyristors).

The wiring diagram for this range of standard current ratings is shown in figure 2-6:

- terminals 1/L1 (controlled channel) and 3/L2 (direct channel) on the unit must be wired to the supply network
- terminals 2/T1 (controlled channel) and 4/T2 (direct channel) on the unit must be wired to the load.

Ratings 125 A to 250 A

7100S units with current ratings from 125 A to 250 A have one channel **controlled** by thryistors (terminals 1/L1 and 2/T1). The **direct** phase is wired **externally** (between the load and the second phase or neutral, as on figure 2-7).

The second phase (or neutral) used must be connected to the 'EXT' terminal block to provide the reference voltage for control (see figure 2-7).

Wiring details

Rating		Terminal capacity *		Stripping	Crimp	Clamping		
A	A mm²		mm² AWG		length eyelet mm		torque Nm	
16 to	25	2.5 to	6	14 to 10	13	-	1.2	
40 to	63	6 to	16	10 to 6	13	-	1.8	
80 to	100	16 to	35	6 to 2	20	-	3.8	
125		50 to	120	1/0 to 4/0	_	Ø10 (or Ø12)	16.4 (or 28.8)	
160		70 to	120	2/0 to 4/0				
200		95 to	120	3/0 to 4/0			M10 nut (17 mm	
250		120		4/0			wrench) to attach eyelet and terminal.	

Table 2-2 Power connection details for ratings from 16 A to 250 A

7100S User Manual 2-7

^{*} For certain flexible cables (up to 35 mm²) a screw connector should be used.

POWER CONNECTION DIAGRAM

The power connection to 7100S units is between one phase and neutral or between two phases depending on the nominal voltage for the unit.

Ratings 16 A to 100 A

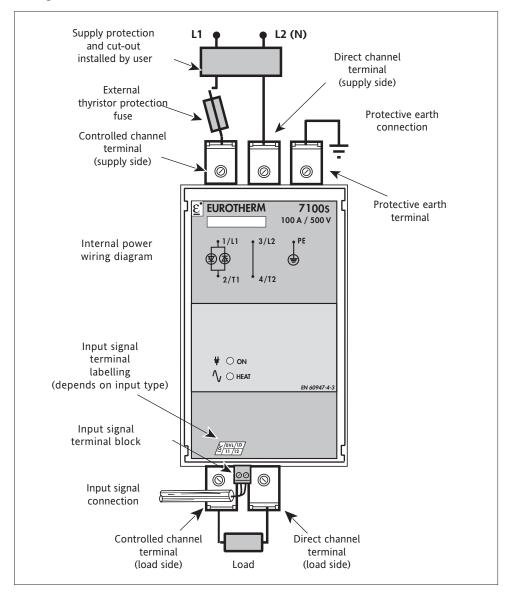


Figure 2-6 Power connections and input signal on Basic version (ratings up to 100 A)

2-8 7100S User Manual

Ratings 125 A to 250 A

The controlled channel of the 7100S is connected between a **phase** and the **load**; the **direct**, exrenal link connects the second supply phase (or neutral, depending on the voltage used) to the load.

For the 250 A rating the **fan power supply** must be connected to the **FAN** terminal block. A **115** V supply is connected to terminals **17** and **18** or a **230** V supply to terminals **16** and **18**, depending on the product code. This external power supply must be protected by a **2** A **fuse** (2 fuses if the auxiliary supply is line to line).

The internal fuse blown contact (with code MSFU) is available on the MSF terminal block (see details on figure 2-9).

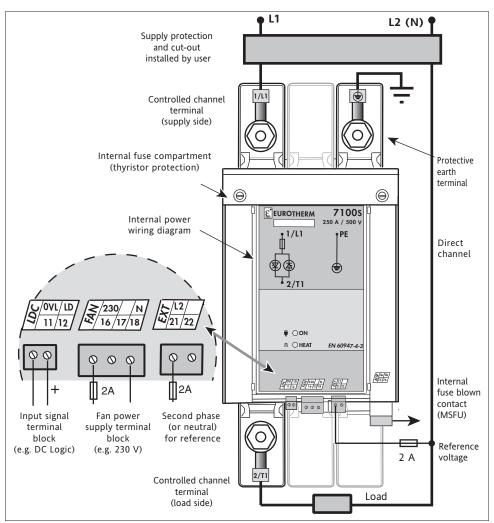


Figure 2-7 Power and control connections for 7100S (here 250 A rating, Basic version)

7100S User Manual 2-9

CONTROL CONNECTIONS

The control terminal blocks are plug-in screw connectors, located on the underside the unit (see figures 1-1 to 1-5).

Control signal

The control signal input terminals correspond to the selected input type.

Input code and type	Terminal block	Terminal number	Terminal label	Terminal capacity		Clamping torque	Stripping mm
				mm ²	AWG	Nm	
LDC : Logic, 4.5 - 32 Vdc	LDC	11 12	0V LD	1.5	16	0.5	6 to 7
HAC : Logic, 85 - 253 Vac	HAC	11 12	A1 A2	2.5	14	0.7	6 to 7
ATP: Analogue, 4 - 20 mA DC	ATP	11 12	0V RI	1.5	16	0.5	6 to 7

Table 2-3 Description of control input terminal block

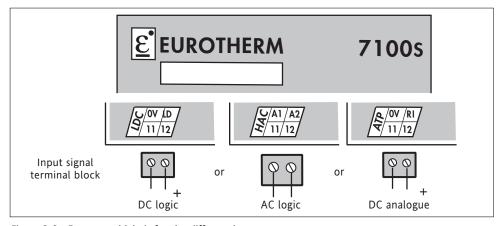


Figure 2-8 Front panel labels for the different input types

Important!



The DC inputs (**LDC** and **ATP**) are **polarised**. The '+' of the control signal must be connected to terminal **12** (labelled **LD** for the LDC input and **RI** for the ATP input).

2-10 7100S User Manual

Alarm relay contact (alarm option)

If one of the alarm options is fitted, an alarm relay contact is available on the 'ALR' terminal block. The type of contact (closed or open on alarm) is determined by the product code. Contact switching capacity: **0.25** A (maximum 250 Vac or 30 Vdc).

Option Code	Terminal block	Terminal number	Terminal label	Terminal capacity Mm ² AWG		Clamping torque Nm	Stripping mm
GRF: serious alarms or DLF: DLF alarm and serious alarms	ALR	Code NC : 71 , 72 Code NO : 73, 74	1a, 1b	2.5	14	0.7	6 to 7

Table 2-4 Description of Alarm relay contact terminal block

Important: For **fan-cooled** units (250 A and above) with either the **GRF** or **DLF** options the **ALR** contact also signals the **over-temperature alarm** ("To" LED on).

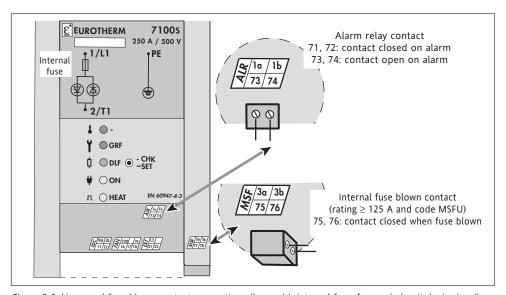


Figure 2-9 Alarm and fuse blown contact connections (here with internal fuse, fan-cooled unit, logic signal)

Internal fuse blown contact (125 - 250 A)

For units with an **internal** fuse (ratings 125 to 250 A) and code **MSFU**, a fuse blown contact is available on the '**MSF**' terminal block (see figure 2-9). The terminal capacity and torque are identical to those for the alarm contact (table 2-4).

The **normally-closed** fuse blown contact is connected when the unit leaves the factory.

7100S User Manual 2-11

Reference voltage connections (125 - 250 A)

For ratings between **125** and **250** A the non-controlled phase is connected outside the unit. To make the reference voltage available for the electronic circuits, the power voltage must be wired to the unit.

This external wiring uses terminal **L2** on the '**EXT**' terminal block (125 to 250 A only). Terminal **L2** must be connected to the second phase (or neutral) of the power supply. This link must be protected by a **2** A fuse (see figure 2-7, page 2-9). The second terminal of this terminal block is not used.

Rating	Terminal block	Terminal number	Terminal label	Terminal capacity		Clamping torque	Stripping mm
A				mm ²	AWG	Nm	
16 - 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
125 - 250	EXT	21, 22	L2,-	2.5	14	0.7	6 to 7

Table 2-5 Description of reference voltage terminal block

2-12 7100S User Manual

Connecting the digital communication

Digital communication option basic diagram.

Please refer to the 7000 Digital Communication user manual ref: HA176664ENG.

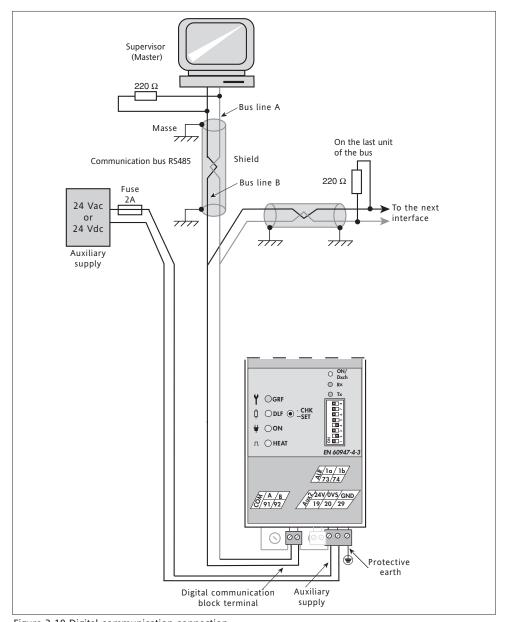


Figure 2-10 Digital communication connection

Chapter 3

OPERATION

Contents	Page
Firing modes	.3-2
Logic signals ('Logic' mode)	.3-2
ATP analogue signal ('Burst' mode)	.3-3
Indicators (green LEDs)	
Alarms (Options)	.3-5
Safety mechanisms	
Alarm strategy	.3-5
Alarms detected	.3-5
Firing inhibit	.3-5
Signal alarms	.3-5
Memorisation / Reset	.3-5
Alarm relay	.3-5
GRF option	.3-6
Serious alarms	.3-6
Signalling serious alarms	.3-6
DLF option (Load failure diagnostic alarm)	.3-7
Functions of the DLF option	.3-7
Signalling alarms with DLF option	.3-7
Load type matching	
Reminder of possible firing modes	
Correct operating conditions	.3-8
Automatic DLF alarm adjustment	
Partial load failure detection conditions	
Partial load failuredetection sensitivity	
Alarm confirmation	
Functions of DLF alarm push button	.3-10
Alarm diagnostic summary	3-11

7100S User Manual 3-1

Chapter 3 OPERATION

FIRING MODES

LOGIC SIGNALS ('Logic' mode)

When logic signals (DC or AC voltages depending on the product code) are applied to the **LDC** or **HAC** inputs, the 7100S unit fires in '**Logic**' mode (i.e. operation equivalent to solid state contactors). Firing corresponds to supply half-cycles.

In 'Logic' mode thyristor firing starts and stops at zero voltage crossing, taking into account the response time (delay relative to signal). The typical response time is ≤ 10 ms for the LDC input and ≤ 60 ms for the HAC input.

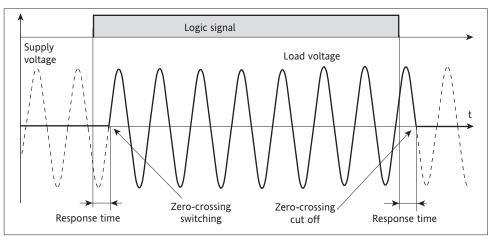


Figure 3-1 Thyristor firing in 'Logic' mode

Thyristor firing:

- is **enabled** when the input signal is greater than or equal to the 'On' value.
- is disabled when the input signal is less than the 'Off' value.

Logic input type	Code	Terminal labels	On	Off	Max. voltage
Low level DC	LDC	0VL, LD	4.5 Vdc	1.5 Vdc	32 Vdc
High level AC	HAC	A1, A2	85 Vac	10 Vac	253 Vac

Table 3-1 Logic input parameters

Important: 7100S solid state contactors with the digital communication option gradually vary the power transmitted to the load in 'Burst mode' (IHC, FC1, C16, C64) depending on the digital setpoint.

3-2 7100S User Manual

ATP ANALOGUE SIGNAL ('Burst' mode)

When an analogue signal (4 - 20 mA) is applied to the ATP input (or Digital communication is used) the 7100S series unit operates in 'Burst mode'. 'Burst mode' firing is a proportional cycle which delivers a series of complete half-cycles to the load.

Thyristor firing and cut-off is synchronised with the supply and occurs at zero crossing.

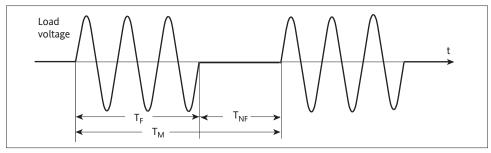


Figure 3-2 Thyristor firing in 'Burst mode'

Thyristor firing in 'Burst mode' can be described by the firing time (T_F) , non-firing time (T_{NF}) and modulation time (T_M) where $T_M = T_F + T_{NF}$

Firing in 'Burst mode' is defined by the $Base\ Cycle\ Time\ \ (T_B).$

The base cycle time is equal to the **firing time** at **50%** power.

The base time for 7100S units with an ATP input is:

 $T_B = 15 \text{ cycles } \pm 20\%$

giving a modulation time of $T_M = 30$ cycles $s \pm 20\%$.

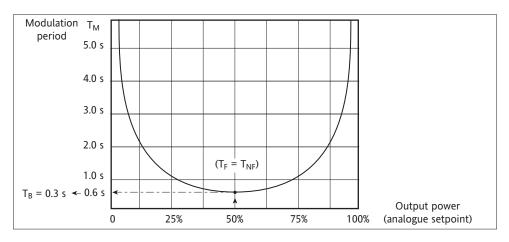


Figure 3-3 'Burst mode' modulation period depending on analogue signal (ATP input)

7100S User Manual 3-3

7100S units with an **ATP** input use **open loop** control and thus do not compensate for supply variations.

The **power** dissipated in the load is **proportional** to the analogue signal on the **ATP** input between 4% and 96% of the full range of the 4-20 mA signal.

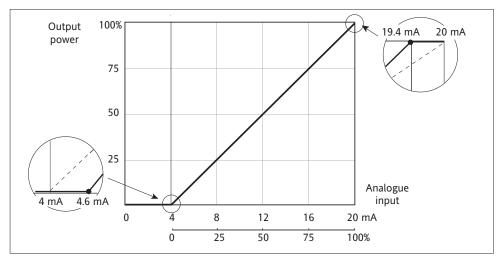


Figure 3-4 Input / Output transfer graph for ATP input

INDICATORS (green LEDs)

Two green LEDs ('ON' and 'HEAT') are included on the front panel in all 7100S units.

LED labelling	LED states	Diagnostic
₩ O ON	On	Supply present
1 0	Off	Supply cut or fuse blown
л ОНЕАТ 'Logic' firing or	On or Flashing	Firing request. Thyristors firing if: Green 'ON' LED and no TLF alarm.
'Burst mode' firing	Off ('ON' LED on)	No signal or Over-temperature alarm

Table 3-2 Indicator LED diagnosis

Important! With the digital communication option, the transmission status is indicated by the green '**ON/Dxch**' LED, as described in the Communication manual.

3-4 7100S User Manual

ALARMS (Options)

SAFETY MECHANISMS

7100S units have alarms to protect the thyristors and the load against certain types of abnormal operation and provide the user with information about the type of fault.

Danger!



- · Alarms are not under any circumstances a replacement for personnel protection.
- The user is responsible for installing independent safety mechanisms which must be inspected regularly. Given the value of the equipment controlled by the 7100S, this is strongly recommended.

Eurotherm can supply various types of suitable alarm detector.

ALARM STRATEGY

ALARMS DETECTED

The alarms below are optionally available on 7100S series units.

With the 'GRF' ('GRoss Faults' or serious alarms) option the following faults are detected and signalled:

- · Thyristor short-circuit
- Total load failure
- Thyristor over-temperature (only on fan-cooled units with rating of 250 A).

With the 'DLF' option (Diagnostic Load Failure fault) the following faults are monitored:

- Partial load failure (diagnosis of load condition and detection status).
- · All serious faults (as with the GRF option).

FIRING INHIBIT

A single 'Over-temperature' alarm (only for rating of **250** A) **inhibits** thyristor firing (even if the control signal is present).

ALARM SIGNALLING

All faults detected are **signalled** as follows:

- the alarm relay **contact** is activated
- the corresponding **LEDs** on the front panel of the 7100S solid state contactor are lit.

Over-temperature is signalled if one of the alarm options is fitted.

MEMORISATION / RESET

Alarms are not memorised. The 'Partial load failure' alarm may be temporarily inhibited by pressing the 'CHK/SET' push button.

ALARM RELAY

All alarms change the position of the Alarm relay **contact**.

Depending on the product code this contact may be:

- open on alarm (code NO) or
- · closed on alarm (code NC).

The alarm contact switching capacity is **0.25** A (230 Vac or 32 Vdc).

7100S User Manual 3-5

GRF OPTION

SERIOUS ALARMS

With the **Serious alarms** option the following faults are monitored:

- · Total Load Failure, TLF
- Thyristor Short Circuit, THSC
- Thyristor over-temperature, T° (only for fan-cooled units with current rating of **250 A**).

Important: The **GRF** option (detection of Serious alarms) is automatically **included** with the **DLF** option.

SIGNALLING SERIOUS ALARMS

When a serious alarm is detected:

- the corresponding **LED** on the front panel is lit
- the alarm relay contact is activated.

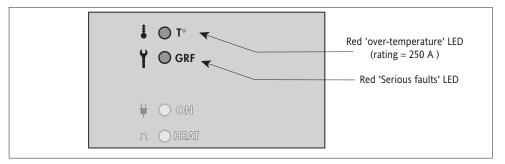


Figure 3-5 Layout of front panel LEDs with 'GRF' option

	LED states			Firing	Typical
Fault	'T°' red	'GRF' red	'HEAT' green	stopped	reaction time
Total Load Failure (TLF) or Thyristor short-circuit (THSC)	Off	On	On or Flashing	No	2 s to 5 s
Over-temperature ($\geq 250 \text{ A}$) (T°)	On	Off	Off *	Yes	

Table3-3 LEDs for serious alarms with 'GRF' option

The indicators for serious alarms detected return to normal (LEDs and relays in non-alarm position) after the fault condition ceases.

3-6 7100S User Manual

^{*} even if the control signal is present.

DLF OPTION (Load failure diagnostic alarm)

FUNCTIONS OF THE DLF OPTION

The **DLF** option monitors and diagnoses **Partial Load Failures (PLF)** and serious faults (as for the GRF option).

PLF fault detection is automatically adjusted using the 'CHK/SET' push button. This button can also be used to disable DLF alarm monitoring and temporarily prevent PLF faults from being signalled.

SIGNALLING ALARMS WITH DLF OPTION

When a fault (**PLF**, **TLF**, **THSC** or T°) is detected, this is signalled by the alarm relay **contact** and the corresponding front panel **LED**.

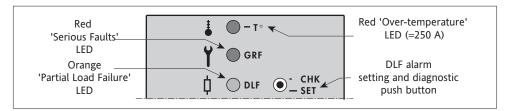


Figure 3-6 Layout of front panel LEDs with 'DLF' option

	LED states				Firing	Typical
Fault	'T°' red	'GRF' red	'DLF' orange	'HEAT' green	stopped	reaction time
Partial load failure (PLF)	Off	Off	Flashing	On	No	1 s to 10 s
Total load failure (TLF)	Off	On	Flashing	or Flashing		
Thyristor short-circuit (THSC)	Off	On	Off			
Over-temp. (T°)	On	Off	Off	Off *	Yes	

Table 3-4 LEDs for faults with DLF' option

The indicators for alarms detected return to **normal** (LEDs and relay contacts in non-alarm position) after the fault condition ceases.

Important!

- With the DLF option, the 'DLF' LED is used to distinguish between TLF and THSC faults.
- The red 'To' LED is only fitted for fan-cooled units (rating **250** A) fitted with the DLF or GRF alarm option.

7100S User Manual 3-7

^{*} even if the control signal is present.

LOAD TYPE MATCHING

PLF detection is adapted to the load type.

The type of load controlled is selected when ordering, with the product code:

- · LTCL (Low Temperature Coefficient Load), or
- SWIR (Short Wave InfraRed elements).

REMINDER OF POSSIBLE FIRING MODES

'Logic' firing mode

Solid state contactor firing follows the logic signal applied to the LDC or HAC input.

'Burst mode' firing (code C16 or C64)

The 7100S may be operated in 'Burst mode' firing controlled by the following:

- 4-20 mA analogue signal applied to the ATP input
- Eurotherm REMIO/TPO interface (LDC input)
- the built-in 'Digital communication' option

'Single-cycle' (code FC1) or 'Intelligent half-cycle' (code IHC) firing mode

These firing modes are available with the following control inputs:

- **synchronised REMIO** interface (with **24 Vac** power supply)
- synchronised 'Digital communication' option (with 24 Vac power supply).

Important!

The DLF alarm **only** operates correctly for **short wave infrared** elements powered at their nominal voltage, not for fast medium infrared elements.

CORRECT OPERATING CONDITIONS

The table below lists the conditions (depending on load type) for controlling 7100S solid state contactors with different input signal types.

	Code LTCL	Code SWIR
Input signal	Detection of 1 failed element of 6 elements in parallel	Detection of 1 failed element of 4 elements in parallel
PLC	Modulation time ≥ 1.5 s	Not applicable.
Controller (Eurotherm series 2000 or 3000)	Firing time ≥ 0.15 s and non-firing time ≥ 0.15 s	Not applicable.
Eurotherm REMIO	No restrictions (code IHC) only	'Intelligent half-cycle' firing
Integrated digital communication	No restrictions	'Single-cycle' (FC1) or 'Intelligent half-cycle' (IHC) firing only
ATP Option	No restrictions	Not applicable.

Table 3-5 Summary of correct operating conditions for 'DLF' alarm

3-8 7100S User Manual

AUTOMATIC DLF ALARM ADJUSTMENT

Adjusting PLF detection involves calculating and storing the value of the reference impedance from the measured rms current and voltage values.

This can be set using the 'CHK/SET' push button on the front panel. The setting should preferably be adjusted when the heating elements are at their **nominal temperature**.

Conditions for setting the DLF alarm

The PLF detection setting can only be adjusted (reference impedance recalculated) in the following conditions:

- rms load voltage greater than 40% of the nominal voltage
- rms load current greater than 30% of the rated current
- no over-temperature or thyristor short-circuit faults.

Memorising the DLF alarm settings

The DLF settings are memorised even if the power is cut.

PARTIAL LOAD FAILURE DETECTION CONDITIONS

PLF monitoring involves comparing the load impedance with a reference impedance stored during setting in order to detect any increase in load impedance.

The load impedance is calculated from the rms voltage and current values measured continuously.

PLF **detection** is only possible under the following **conditions**:

- rms load voltage greater than 40% of the nominal voltage, and
- rms load current greater than 5% of the rated current.

PARTIAL LOAD FAILURE DETECTION SENSITIVITY

Partial load failure detection sensitivity can be expressed in terms of a maximum number of load elements connected in parallel for which the unit can detect the failure of one element.

The DLF diagnostic alarm **guarantees** that failure will be detected for:

- ONE failed element of SIX identical elements connected in parallel (load with code LTCL
- ONE failed element of FOUR identical elements connected in parallel (load with code SWIR).

ALARM CONFIRMATION

PLF fault signalling ('DLF' indicator and relay) can be temporarily excluded from alarms, in order to check that the alarm is genuine, by pressing the 'CHK/SET' push button.

If the fault persists, DLF signalling returns to the alarm position.

3-9

FUNCTIONS OF DLF ALARM PUSH BUTTON

The push button on the front panel of the unit with the '**DLF**' option is labelled '**CHK** / **SET**' ('Checking / Setting').

Pushing this push button as shown on the timing diagrams below sets and diagnoses the status of the PLF detection circuit.

Setting request

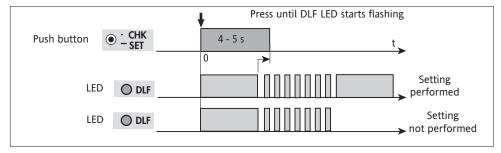


Figure 3-7a PLF detection setting request

DIAGNOSTIC

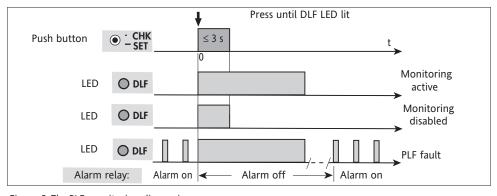


Figure 3-7b PLF monitoring diagnosis

DISABLING

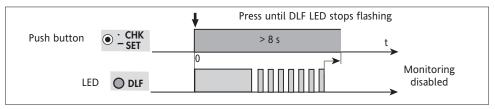


Figure 3-7c Disabling PLF monitoring

3-10 7100S User Manual

ALARM DIAGNOSTIC SUMMARY

The table below summarises all status LED information needed to diagnose faults.

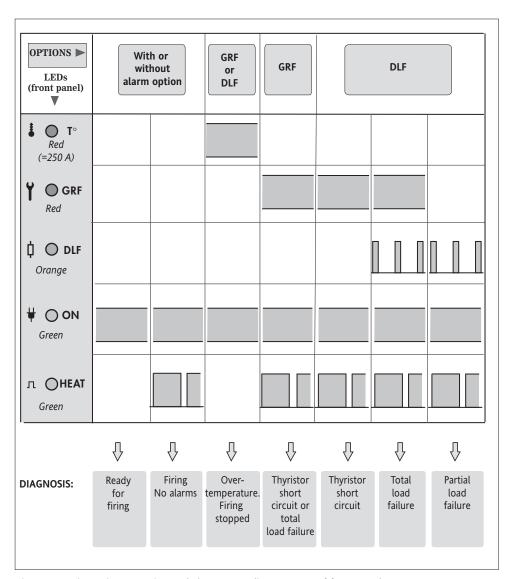


Figure 3-8 Diagnosing operation and alarms according to status of front panel LEDs

7100S User Manual

3-12 7100S User Manual

Chapter 4

COMMISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE

Contents	Page
	4.0
Safety during commissioning and maintenance	
Commissioning	
Checking the characteristics	4-2
Load current	
Supply voltage	4-2
Input signal	4-2
Load type (DLF option)	4-2
Checking the wiring	
Cut-off and separation systems	4-3
Earth, power and control connections	4-3
Power up	4-3
Power and auxiliary voltages and input signal	4-3
PLF detection fault setting (DLF option)	4-3
Maintenance	4-4
Thyristor protection fuses	
External fuses (up to 125A)	
Internal fuses (160A and above)	

7100S User Manual 4-1

Chapter 4 COMMISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE

SAFETY DURING COMMISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE

Please read carefully before commissioning the unit

Important!



- Eurotherm shall not be held responsible for any damage, injury, losses or expenses incurred by inappropriate use of the product or failure to comply with this manual.
- Accordingly the user is responsible for checking, before commissioning the unit, that all the nominal characteristics correspond to the conditions under which it is to be installed and used.

Danger!



• The product must be commissioned and maintained by qualified personnel, authorised to work in an industrial low voltage environment. Users must not attempt to access internal parts. The heatsink temperature may exceed 100°C. The heatsink remains hot for approx. 15 minutes after the unit is shut down. Avoid touching the heatsink even briefly while the unit is operating.

COMMISSIONING

CHECKING THE CHARACTERISTICS



Before powering up the unit, check that the **identification code** corresponds to the code specified on the order and that the characteristics are **compatible** with the facility.

Load current

The maximum load current must be less than or equal to the nominal current value of the solid state contactor, taking account of supply and load variations.

Supply voltage

The nominal voltage value must be greater than or equal to the line-to-line or line-to-neutral supply voltage (depending on the connection scheme).



Never use the unit on a supply with a voltage greater than the nominal value +10% as this could damage the protection components or even the thryistors.

Input signal

The signal type is factory configured depending on the option ordered. Check that the signal used corresponds to the input type indicated on the front panel of the unit (LDC, HAC or ATP).

Load type (DLF option)

For correct operation of the partial load failure detection system, ensures that load type used corresponds to the product code (LTCL or SWIR).

4-2 7100S User Manual

CHECKING THE WIRING

Cut-off and isolation systems

It is the user's responsibility to wire and protect the facility according to best practice and applicable standards.

Danger!



A suitable device ensuring that the unit can be electrically isolated from the supply must be installed upline to enable work to be performed safely.

Protective earth, power and control connections

- Before checking the wiring, ensure that the power and control wires are isolated from power sources.
- · Check that the **protective earth** cable is connected to the earth terminal on the unit.
- Check that the **wiring** corresponds to the connection diagram (figure 2-6 for ratings of up to 125 A and figure 2-7 for ratings of 160 A and above).
- for ratings of 160 A or more, check that the **reference voltage** is connected to terminal **L2** on the **EXT** terminal block (figure 2-7).
- For fan-cooled units (125 A and 250 A) check the **fan** power supply (voltage, connections and fuse).
- Check the **polarity** of DC input signals (code **LDC** or **ATP**) (see figure 2-8).

POWER UP

Power and auxiliary voltages and input signal

- Check that there is no input signal then power up the unit. Check that theere is no current in the load.
- Check the auxiliary voltage for **COM** option (**Aux2** terminal block).
- Apply the logic signal (LDC or HAC inputs) for a short period or the analogue signal
 with a low value (ATP input) and check that the load current appears and the 'HEAT'
 LED is lit during firing.
- · Apply the necessary input signal.

Adjust the partial load failure detection setting (DLF option).

- Check that the DLF alarm operating conditions are correct (page 3-8) and that the load failure detection conditions are met (page 3-9).
- The partial load failure detection settings are adjusted with the **push button** on the front panel of units fitted with the DLF option. The procedure and conditions for this setting are described the 'DLF option' section on page 3-9.

7100S User Manual 4-3

MAINTENANCE

- Every six months, check that the power and protective earth cables are correctly **tightened** (see 'Wiring' section, page 2-7).
- If the load parameters **change**, the operation of the PLF detection must be diagnosed (see 'DLF option' section).
- If a **DLF alarm** occurs, check the load wiring and condition of contacts. Use the push button to **confirm** the DLF alarm **diagnosis** (see page 3-10).
- To ensure that the unit is cooled correctly, the heatsink should be **cleaned** regularly, depending on how dirty the environment is, as should the fan protection grille for fancooled units rated at 125 A or more.



Danger!

Power down the unit before cleaning and allow 15 minutes for it to cool down.

Thyristor protection fuses

A high speed fuse protects the thryistors in the 7100S unit against excessive current

For current ratings up to **125A** the fuses are **external**. For current ratings of **160A** and above the fuses are **internal**, located in a special compartment, under a cover held by two captive screws.

Danger!



High-speed fuses **do not** provide protection for the installation. Upline protection must be fitted (non-high-speed fuses, circuit breakers).

If the 'Fuse' field of the product code is 'NONE' (i.e. the user did not order a thyristor protection fuse or the load comprises short wave infrared elements), the fuse is **not supplied** (ratings **16A** to **125A**) or is **not installed** inside the unit (ratings 160A and over).

Important!



For all loads (other than short wave infrared elements), using a thyristor protection fuse **other** than the recommended fuses listed in the tables below **voids** the product guarantee.

4-4 7100S User Manual

EXTERNAL FUSES (up to 125A)

An **external** high speed fuse protects the thyristors in 7100S units with a current rating of 16A to 125A.

The product code indicates whether a fuse is included in the unit ordered and the type of fuse.

With the **FUSE** or **MSFU** (Micro Switch **FU**se) codes, a fuse and fuse holder assembly (corresponding to the current rating) is supplied with the product.

- FUSE code: the fuse does not have a fuse blown striker bar
- MSFU code: the fuse has a striker bar and the fuse holder is fitted with a blown fuse microswitch to be connected by the customer.

	External fuse and fuse-holder assembly			
reference Reference		Dimensions (mm)		
		$H \times W \times D$		
CH260034	FU1038/16A	$86.5 \times 17.5 \times 64.5$		
CH260034	FU1038/25A	$86.5 \times 17.5 \times 64.5$		
CH330054	FU1451/40A	$107 \times 26.5 \times 76.5$		
CS173087U080	FU2258/63A	$126.5 \times 35 \times 76.5$		
CS173087U100	FU2258/80A	$126.5 \times 35 \times 76.5$		
CS173246U160	FU2760/100A	$146 \times 40 \times 94$		
CS173246U160	FU2760/125A	$146 \times 40 \times 94$		
	CH260034 CH260034 CH330054 CS173087U080 CS173087U100 CS173246U160	CH260034 FU1038/16A CH260034 FU1038/25A CH330054 FU1451/40A CS173087U080 FU2258/63A CS173087U100 FU2258/80A CS173246U160 FU2760/100A		

Table 4-1 External fuses without microswitch, recommended for ratings 16A to 125A (code FUSE)

Rating	Fuse	Fuse and fuse holder assembly with microswitch		
(A)	reference	Reference Dimensions (mm)		
	with striker bar		$H \times W \times D$	
16	CS176513U032	MSFU1451/ 16A	$107 \times 26.5 \times 76.5$	
25	CS176513U032	MSFU1451/ 25A	$107 \times 26.5 \times 76.5$	
40	CS176513U050	MSFU1451/40A	$107 \times 26.5 \times 76.5$	
63	CS176461U080	MSFU2258/63A	$126.5 \times 35 \times 76.5$	
80	CS176461U100	MSFU2258/ 80A	$126.5 \times 35 \times 76.5$	
100	CS173246U160	MSFU2760/ 100A	$146 \times 40 \times 94$	
125	CS173246U160	MSFU2760/ 125A	$146 \times 40 \times 94$	

Table 4-2 Fuses with microswitch, recommended for ratings 16A to 125A (code MSFU)

7100S User Manual 4-5

INTERNAL FUSES (160A to 250A)

7100S units with ratings of 160A or above are fitted with an internal thryistor protection fuse.

The product code indicates whether the unit has an internal fuse and whether a fuse blown contact is fitted.

- With code **FUSE** the fuse is installed in a special compartment (see figure 2-7).
- With code MSFU the fuse is fitted with a fuse blown microswitch.

Rating (A)	Fuse referece (with or without microswitch installed)
160	CS176762U315
200	CS176762U315
250	CS176762U315

Table 4-3 Internal fuses, recommended for ratings of 160A and above (code FUSE or MSFU)

4-6 7100S User Manual

INDEX

\mathbf{A}	Page	I	Page
Alarms	1-9, 3-5	Identification label	1-14
alarm diagnostic summary	3-11	Identification of 7100S series	1-2 to 1-5
alarm relay	2-11, 3-5	Input / Output ratio	3-4
alarm strategy	3-5	Installation	2-1
diagnostic alarm (DLF)	3-7 to 3-10	Isolation voltage	1-11
DLF settings	3-9, 3-10	_	
DLF specifications	3-9	${f L}$	
serious alarms (GRF option)	3-6	Load faults	3-6 to 3-8
Attachment plate	2-3 to 2-6	Load type	1-7, 3-8
В		M	
Base time	3-3	Maintenance	4-2, 4-4
Burst firing mode	3-3	Mounting	2-3 to 2-6
C		0	
Categories of use	1-7	Options (alarms)	1-3, 3-5
CE labelling	iv	Over-temperature alarm	3-5, 3-7
Characteristics (checking) Coding	4-2 1-12, 1-13		
example	1-12, 1-13	P	
Commissioning	1-14	Presentation	1-2 to 1-5
description	4-2, 4-3	Protective earth	2-2, 2-5, 2-6
summary flowchart	vi		
Connections	VI	R	
alarm relay contact	2-11	Reference voltage	2-12
control	2-10	Relay (alarm)	2-11, 3-5
reference voltage	2-12		
power and protective earth	2-7 to 2-9	S	
Control	1-8	Safety	
Control terminal block labels	2-10	during maintenance	4-2
Control to minut brook labors	2 10	safety mechanisms	2-3
D		wiring and mounting	2-2
Diagnostic alarm	3-11	Short wave infrared elements	3-8
Digital communication	1-5, 1-10	Signalling	3-4, 3-6, 3-7
Dimensions	1-11	Standards and Directives applic	able iv, v
DLF push button	3-10	_	
DLF settings	3-9	T	
Duty ratio	3-3	Technical specifications	1-7 to 1-11
Duty ratio	0.0	Temperature of use	1-11
E		Thyristor firing	3-2
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) iv	logic (LDC, HAC inputs)	3-2
EMC filter	v, 5-2	burst mode (ATP input)	3-3
	-, - -	Thyristor fuses	4-4 to 4-6
F		W	
Fan	2-10	Wiring	2-7
Firing modes	1-7, 3-2	<u> </u>	
Fuse blown contact	2-11, 4-5, 4-6		

7100S User Manual 5-1

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